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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Congress Decision On War Cabinet's Reply

New 'Defence' Formula Not Acceptable

Japanese Bombings Figure In Azad-Cripps Parleys

NEW DELHI, April 7.

The Azad-Nehru-Cripps talks lasted for 80 minutes this morning.

According to the United Press, the talks related not merely to the British Government's reactions to the Congress decision, but also to the situation created by the Japanese bombing of Indian towns.

Meeting at 3-45 p. m. the Congress Working Committee, after four hours' sitting, adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Asked by pressmen, the Congress President Maulana Azad said that he had placed before the Committee Sir Stafford Cripps' letter, which he had personally received from him this morning. The Committee had reached a decision on that letter, which decision will be communicated to Sir Stafford Cripps to-morrow.

Maulana Azad added: He could not say when the main resolution of the Congress Working Committee would be released to the Press.

Congress Cabinet's Decision

NEW DELHI, April 7.

It is understood that the Congress Working Committee to-day decided not to accept the revised proposals with regard to Defence, which were communicated to the President by Sir Stafford Cripps.

It is believed that the Committee's original resolution on the War Cabinet's draft declaration will stand, and a supplementary statement will be added to it, explaining the Committee's attitude to the revised proposals.

The supplementary statement is to be communicated to Sir Stafford Cripps to-morrow morning in the form of a reply to the communication received from him by Maulana Azad to-day. Thereafter, the documents will be released for publication.

It is gathered that the revised proposals are in the form of a more exact enunciation of what will constitute the Government of India's responsibility with reference to "the organisation of the military, moral and material resources of India", mentioned in the draft declaration. Included in this responsibility are those parts of the Defence Department which are regarded as organisationally separable, such as Defence Co-ordination, Public Relations, etc. The Working Committee, it is stated, consider that these powers do not adequately meet their demands.

It is learned that the revised proposals do not deal with the other two objections which are reported to have been raised in the Working Committee's resolution namely, those relating to the option given to provinces to keep out of the Union and the right given to Indian States' Rulers to nominate representatives to the constitution-making body.—A.P.

More Parleys Likely

NEW DELHI, April 7.

Further indications are that a meeting between Maulana Azad, Congress President, Pandit Nehru and Sir Stafford Cripps may take place again.

It is also likely that the Congress resolution will not be released to enable further negotiations to fructify one way or the other.—United Press.

Roosevelt To Intervene?

NEW DELHI, April 7.

Immediately after the Azad-Cripps talks during which Pandit Nehru was present, the "United Press" learns, Pandit Nehru went to the American Minister, Cosmo Louis Johnson's residence, presumably to discuss the outcome of the talks with Sir Stafford Cripps.

Reports current here indicate that efforts are being made to get President Roosevelt's intervention for the settlement of the issues between India and the British Government at an early date, and the talks between Colonel Louis Johnson and Pandit Nehru are intended to facilitate that possibility.—United Press.

NOT YET, SAYS NEHRU

"We are not releasing our resolution just yet", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, as he came out at 6-30 from the meeting of the Congress Working Committee. He added: "We are meeting again tomorrow morning".

Asked whether he was meeting Sir Stafford Cripps again, he said that he had no engagement.

JOHNSON IN TOUCH WITH WHITE HOUSE

It is learned that Col. Johnson is in touch with White House with regard to developments here.

Press Conference Postponed

It is learned that Sir Stafford Cripps' Press Conference, fixed for April 8, has now been postponed till 12 o'clock on April 9, presumably in order that Sir Stafford may have before him the final decision of the Working Committee of the All India Muslim League.

DUAL 'CONTROL' OF DEFENCE

Revised Scheme Of Br. Proposals: Congress To Reject It

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 7.

The War Cabinet's revised scheme provides that subjects like administration of canteens, schools, demobilisation of soldiers, amenities, etc. should be in the hands of the Indian Defence Minister.

The Commander-in-Chief, who will be called War Minister will control general defence policy and administration.

Congress reply, which will be handed to Sir S. Cripps on Wednesday amounts to rejection of the revised scheme.

War Cabinet's Reply Given To Azad

NEW DELHI, April 7.

It is understood that the War Cabinet's reply was handed to Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru when they met Sir Stafford Cripps this morning.

Maulana Azad Congress President and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left Sir Stafford Cripps' house at 11-20 a.m. after having 80 minutes continuous talk with him.

Before Maulana Azad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru came to see Sir Stafford Cripps this morning, Col. Louis Johnson, President Roosevelt's Envoy paid a visit to Sir Stafford Cripps.

Mr. Jinnah's meeting with Sir Stafford Cripps began at 12 noon.

The talks with Sir Stafford lasted half an hour.

LEAGUE CABINET MEETING

The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League has been called to meet to-morrow morning to consider Sir Cripps' final proposals in the light of Mr Jinnah's half hour talk with Sir Stafford this morning.

It is expected that the Committee's reply will be communicated to Sir Stafford to-morrow afternoon when the Committee is likely to conclude.

Jinnah Meets Wavell

NEW DELHI, April 9

After his meeting with General Wavell this evening, Mr. Jinnah in a statement said:

"I meet Sir Stafford Cripps this afternoon, when he explained to me what further steps could be taken in order to meet the criticisms of the last clause of the British Government's Draft Declaration, making clear that Indian Defence Portfolio would not fall to be administered by a representative Indian.

He explained to me the implications of the further steps, and it was arranged that we should go in the evening to meet General Sir Archibald Wavell. Accordingly, we went to General Headquarters this evening at 6. After Sir Stafford had introduced me to the Commander-in-Chief, he left, and I and General Wavell discussed this matter. General Wavell further explained it to me. I propose to place the matter before the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League to-morrow for their consideration.—A.P.

ROOSEVELT'S LETTER IS FOR VICEROY NOT JAWAHAR

WASHINGTON, April 6.

The letter from President Roosevelt which Mr. Louis Johnson has taken to India is addressed to the Viceroy, it is believed in Washington.

The letter, it is thought, is merely an exchange of greetings and is not concerned with the political situation.—Reuter.

BR. ANXIETY FOR INDIA'S DEFENCE

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, April 7.

Much anxiety is felt here in non-official circles about the civil defence of India. The British National A.R.P. Co-ordinating Committee, which was founded in 1938 is meeting to-night to discuss the problem of A.R.P. throughout India. The Committee will discuss what the non-official organisation even without action by the authorities can and must do.

There will also be a public meeting to-moorow under the Chairmanship of Lionel Fielden, when H. Wintringham who is well-known as a writer of military affairs and who had earned a great name for his command of International Brigade will discuss the question of home guards for India and how best to organise guerillas throughout India.

JAWAHAR'S WAR CRY

Indians' Duty To Oppose Any Foreign Invasion Of India

NEW DELHI, April 7.

"I consider it my duty to oppose any foreign invasion of India", declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing a public meeting to-night. "How can I remain a mere spectator to events or be silent?" He asked, the news of Japanese bombing of the coastal towns of India must stir the hearts of Indians. He declared that the Japanese assertion that they were coming to India to set us free was absurd and wholly false. That was clear from Japan's misdeeds in China and Korea.

He advised the Indian people not to get panicky and not to rush from place to place, but to remain where they were and organise themselves, determined to oppose the aggressor.

The Congress, he declared, had made clear its sympathies with the Democracies and its opposition to the aggressor countries, Japan no less than Germany.

Praising the heroic and magnificent fight put up by China and Russia and the sacrifices made by them to preserve their independence, Pandit Nehru asserted that it would be a distressing world, if China and Russia were defeated. He, however, had great confidence that these two Powers would play a great part in the future and India would stand shoulder to shoulder with them.

He pointed out that it would not be proper for him to say anything about the political talks now going on in Delhi. But, he observed, the problem of Indian Independence had now become a world problem. Various countries, especially America, China and Russia, were taking great interest in Indian affairs. That was because what happened to India would have immense influence on world affairs.

"We shall face the future with confidence and achieve independence," he declared.—A. P.

A. S. DHRUVA DEAD

Former Pro-Vice-Chancellor Of Benares University

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, April 7.

Mr. Anand Shankar Dhruva, former Pro Vice-Chancellor, Benares University, expired this evening after prolonged sickness. All educational institutions will remain closed to-morrow in his honour. A public meeting has been arranged for to-morrow. He was in close contact with Gandhiji for many years. Gandhiji has been informed of Mr. Dhruva's death by wire.

(Prof. Anandshankar Bapoobhai was educated at Gujarat College and Elphinstone College. He edited "Sudarshan" 1897 and subsequently "Vasant" monthly. He entered the Hindu University as a professor and rose to be Pro-Vice-Chancellorship. Dhruva was a great Sanskrit Scholar.)

JERUSALEM: King George of Greece left for Amman on Tuesday on an official visit to Emir Abdullah of Transjordan.

UNION WHITES GET JITTERS

CAPETOWN, April 7.

The Prime Minister, Field Marshal Smuts, stated in reply to a Nationalist Opposition question in the Assembly that the effect of the British proposals to India on the position of Indians in the Union had still to be considered, and any statement at this juncture would be premature.

Field Marshal Smuts was replying to the question whether the British offer to India had been with his approval and whether the granting of Dominion Status to India would confer on Indians in the Union the rights and privileges of the nationals of other British Dominions and whether Indians in the Union would have the right to claim full Union nationality and political equality.

In giving the reply quoted above, Field Marshal Smuts said he was aware of the general nature of the proposals of the U. P. Government.

Field Marshal Smuts was then asked whether he would inform the British Government that the acceptance of its proposals to India would not impose any obligations on the Union with reference to the existing legislation.

Field Marshal Smuts did not reply.—Reuter.

'ALERT' IN MADRAS

But No Enemy Aircraft Materialise

NEW DELHI, April 7.

A press communique says; there was an alert in Madras at 4/47 a.m. to-day, but no enemy aircraft appeared. There have been no further raids since those on Vizagapatam and Cocanada reported yesterday.

Details of these raids show that they were carried out by five aircraft in each instance, and that casualties were light. No further attacks on merchant shipping in the Bay of Bengal have been reported.—A. P.

Trains Arrive Late In Madras

MADRAS, April 7.

The Calcutta Mail due in Madras this morning was delayed by nearly nine hours, and arrived in Madras at five this evening. The Grand Trunk Express from Delhi is also similarly delayed and is expected to arrive here by midnight, five hours late.—A. P.

TOTAL BLACK-OUT IN POONA

POONA, April 7.

Complete "black-out" is being enforced in Poona from to-night. Henceforth street lights will be put out at 9 P. M.

Cinema houses have been ordered by the District Magistrate to cancel their 10 P. M. shows from to-day.—United Press.

Rotarian Governor Optimistic

AHMEDABAD, April 7

"Colombo will acquit itself better than Singapore", declared Dr. H. M. Desai, Governor of the 89th District of the Rotary International, on returning from a week's tour of Ceylon. Dr. Desai has sent a telegram to the Rotarians in Ceylon exhorting them to play their part in the coming ordeal.

Chittagong Municipality Superseded

CHITTAGONG, April 7.

With the approval of the Bengal Government, the District Magistrate of Chittagong has passed orders under the Defence of India Rules superseding the Chittagong Municipality for the duration of the war and six months thereafter, and appointed Mr. S. K. Sen, Deputy Magistrate, to exercise and perform during the period of supersession all powers and duties on behalf of the Chittagong Municipality. All property vested in the Chittagong Municipality shall during the period of supersession vest in the Government of Bengal.

The above order, states the District Magistrate, is necessary for ensuring the due maintenance of the vital services of the Chittagong Municipality.—United Press.

Evacuation And Calcutta University

CALCUTTA, April 7.

In a communication the Bengal Government have informed the Calcutta University, that, "if owing to the worsening war situation Calcutta and its suburbs become exposed to the risk of heavy and intensive bombing from air," compulsory evacuation may be necessary, in which case the schools and colleges will close and their students will become part of the ordinary civil population. When they settle down in new places they will join the schools and colleges in their new homes. The Government will, if necessary, be prepared to help them, says the communication.

REGISTER CYCLES.

The registration of all cycles is now compulsory under the Pedal Cycle (Registration) Order, 1942, says a Press note.

The possession of an unlicensed cycle after May 7 is an offence and the cycle is liable to confiscation.—United Press.

OPPOSITION TO U. S. NAVY PLAN

Mercantile Marine Against Department Taking Over Ships

WASHINGTON, April 7.

A proposal that the Navy should take over the United States merchantmen is reported to have been submitted to President Roosevelt by the Navy Department.

The plan is that the crews of merchantmen should be enabled to enlist with the same status and pay as the Naval personnel and be subject to Navy discipline.

It is reported that ship-owners and Maritime Unions will oppose the plan.

GOLFERS' WAR EFFORT

AUGUSTA (Georgia): President Roosevelt has written to Mr. Edward Dudley, President of the Professional Golfers' Association, a letter in which he states that within reasonable limits he believed that war effort is not hampered but actually improved by sensible participation in healthful pursuits.

Mr. Dudley announced that the P. G. A.'s 2,300 members have pledged to raise 250,000 dollars for the benefit of the Red Cross and other war societies. P. G. A. stars will partake as many benefit matches as possible.

WAR ON FOOD HOARDERS

Suggestions At Price Control Conference

NEW DELHI, April 7.

An earnest appeal to the Provincial Governments not to misunderstand, if the Central Government were to encroach upon their powers has made by the Commerce Member, Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar in his opening speech at the Price Control Conference this morning. He said there were two fronts whereon an enemy had to be fought, the military and the economic fronts. "If you want the battle to be carried on the economic front if you want the civil population to be kept in such a state that there may be neither panic nor social discontent, there must be closest co-operation, and in no sense misunderstanding between the provinces and the Centre, when in the interests of the country as a whole Central Government have to take and exercise certain powers".

Referring to the wheat situation, he said they were about to turn the corner "we hope within a short time and with fixation of new prices, it may be possible to avert the series of mischances that prevailed during the last two months".

Sir Ramaswamy however explained the steps that should be taken to prevent hoarding on the part of middlemen in future and suggested a system of licensing wholesale dealers by Provincial and State Governments.

"GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN"

NEW DELHI, April 7.

The food production conference concluded yesterday after passing a number of resolutions.

The main resolution recommended to provincial Governments the initiation of detailed programmes of work for the "grow more food campaign."

The resolution 'inter alia' appeals to provincial Governments to make arrangements to ensure the availability of adequate supplies of seed for suitable varieties of crops and for the supply of manure and to improve the existing water supplies and give liberal grant of Tacavi loans and concessional rates for seed manure and irrigation charges.

The conference also recommended to provincial Governments either to forgo land revenue and rent or charge concession rates for a specified period on lands newly brought under cultivation provided food and fodder crops are grown on them.

The conference also suggested the establishment of a Central Food Advisory Council by the Government of India as a co-ordinating body whose functions would be to pool study and disseminate all available information: to plan on an All-India basis the food and food production programme and to advise the authorities responsible about the equitable distribution of the available food stocks.—A. P.

MELBOURNE: Vice Admiral Helfrich will be in command of all netherland and N. E. I. Naval, Land and Air Forces in the East.

Jap Warships For Unknown Destination

Fleet Sighted Off Amoy: Chinese Engage Tokyo Troops South Of Kyungon In Burma

CHUNGKING, April 7.

A Chinese military spokesman declared to-day that thirteen Japanese transports, five warships and one gun-boat have been sighted off Amoy, the South China Treaty Port, opposite the island of Formosa. Three Japanese divisions are concentrated on Formosa but their destination has not been ascertained, he said.—Reuter.

ENGAGEMENT IN BURMA

A Chinese military spokesman declared to-day that the Chinese forces in Burma are engaged with Japanese forces to the south of Kyungon. The Japanese are constructing defences and are not advancing. On the Prome front the Japanese are continuing to advance northward along the Irrawaddy River. They are moving in a hundred lorries accompanied by a number of tanks.

Enemy Patrols On Irrawaddy Front

NEW DELHI, April 7.

The following communique has been issued:—Yesterday there was contact only with enemy patrols on the Irrawaddy Front. There was not much air activity during the day. Our forces are still in the process of taking up their new positions which are now north of Theyemyo. The oil and cement installations at Thayemyo and Alannyo were successfully demolished before our forces withdrew.

The latest information about enemy is that a column on the west bank was located north of Kama and another on the east bank about Nyaung-Binzeik with elements moving north-east at Sindok valley. A town in Central Burma was bombed yesterday morning. There were very few casualties and no damage.—A. P.

Van Mook For England

FIGHTING CONTINUES IN JAVA

SYDNEY, April 7.

The Lt. Governor of the Netherlands East Indies, Dr. Van Mook, to-day announced the appointment of N. E. I. Commissioners to Administer Dutch Naval, Military, Air and Financial affairs in Australia. The Commission headed by J. E. Van Hoogstraten, started operations to-day. Dr. Van Mook, who is shortly leaving for England to consult the Netherlands Government, said that the Government had received no notification that Dutch resistance in Java had ceased.

"On the contrary", he added, "We have received from reliable sources information that our local administration is continuing in many parts where the Japanese have not appeared."

Allies Bomb Lae

MELBOURNE, April 7.

An Australian Communique issued on Tuesday says: "Allied bombers and fighters attacked Lae early this morning. Intense anti-aircraft opposition was encountered but no interception was attempted. Runways and buildings were bombed successfully. It is estimated that several enemy aircraft were damaged and set on fire".

FUTILE RAID ON MORESBY

A Communique says: "The Port Moresby raid on April 6 failed completely. The Japanese planes were intercepted and driven off after several were damaged by bursts of machine-gun fire. One of our aircraft was shot down and one is missing but one pilot has been saved".

HEAVY ATTACK ON BATAAN DEFENCE

Japs Airbomb Rear: Cavite Artillery Shells Corrigidor

WASHINGTON, April 7.

The text of the war Department "Communique" issued this morning says:

"PHILIPPINE THEATRE": The enemy continued to make heavy attacks against the centre of our line in Bataan all day yesterday with some success. Casualties were heavy on both sides. Air bombing of our rear areas and on the south coast of Bataan was particularly severe. An enemy amphibian plane was destroyed on the water in Manila Bay by horizontal fire from one of our anti-aircraft batteries. Enemy artillery from Cavite shore shelled Corrigidor and Fort Hughes for two hours during yesterday afternoon. There was no damage and no casualties were sustained. Guns of our forts laid down counter-battery fire on the enemy mainland and artillery emplacements".—Reuter.

HEAVY CASUALTIES ON BOTH SIDES.

The War Department announced today that heavy casualties on both sides marked furious fighting along the Bataan Peninsula front with the Japanese continuing to score "some success" in repeated heavy attacks against the centre of the line.—Reuter.

PACIFIC WAR COUNCIL MEETING

WASHINGTON, April 7.

President Roosevelt has arranged to meet the Pacific War Council again to-day (Tuesday) to continue the discussions on war strategy. Before the meeting, he is conferring with the acting Secretary of State Mr. Sumner Welles at the latter's request.—Reuter.

WHEN U. S. BOMBS FALL ON TOKYO

PIKEVILLE (Kentucky), April 7.

"By the end of the year, our production will have reached such proportions that there will be no question but that the United Nations will be able to take the offensive on all fronts", declared the Chairman of the House of Military Affairs Committee speaking at the Army Day Ceremony.

Attacking "repeated assertions of some persons and some newspapers that our programme has broken down" the Chairman said "the lowest percentage increase in vital production since America entered the war has been 40 per cent. and in some cases the figures have gone over 200 per cent. He brought cheers when he declared "It won't be long now before American bombs will fall on Tokyo and let me promise you, there will be one hell fire when the time comes".—Reuter.

JAPAN & NEAR EAST

ZURICH, April 7.

The "Basler Nachrichten's" Budapest correspondent says that the Japanese Ambassador and Ministers in Ankara and Sofia are meeting in Sofia on Wednesday to discuss, it is reported, the Near Eastern situation.—Reuter.

D. I. Airforce's Escape From Java

SYDNEY, April 4.

Dr. Van Mook stated that a very large portion of the Dutch Indies Airforce including General Van Noyen, the Commander-in-Chief, escaped from Java together with most of the pupil pilots.—Reuter.

ENGINE WITH AXLE PIN OFF

Major Railway Accident Averted

NAGPUR, April 7.

A major railway accident was averted by the driver of the Bombay-Calcutta Mail on Sunday near Dhamangaon, the driver noticed that the engine was inclining on one side. He immediately stopped the train and found the axle pin of the engine was missing. A little later, the engine would have fallen off the track. A passenger cycled to Chandur, five miles away to bring a relief engine, and the train arrived in Nagpur five hours late.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

Koran To Be Translated Into Chinese

CHUNGKING: The Chinese National Islamic Federation has decided to translate the Koran from the Arabic into the Chinese.

U. S. SHIPS LOST IN ATLANTIC.

WASHINGTON: Hundred and sixteen ships have been sunk off the Atlantic coast since the United States entered war on December 7, the Secretary of the United States Navy Col. Knox, disclosed at a Press Conference.

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(7956)

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THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY (REFINERIES) Ltd. and Burmah Oil Company (BURMA TRADING) Ltd. hereby give notice to all their locally covenanted employees, who have not already received instructions from them regarding their future employment that they must report their present address in writing to the Burmah Oil Company (INDIA TRADING) Ltd. at 9, Esplanade East, Calcutta, within 10 days of this date, failing which they must accept this notice of termination of their agreement with the Company in accordance with the terms of such agreement.

(Sd.) BURMAH OIL CO. (REFINERIES) LTD.
BURMAH OIL CO. (BURMA TRADING) LTD.

8th April, 1942.

(7958)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

European evacuee requires good berth in commercial house for duration. Middle aged. Exempt military service. Refer P. O. Box 211, Bombay, for particulars. (7974)

Public Notices

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY.

THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER invites applications for the following temporary war posts:—

A. ASSISTANT INSPECTING OFFICER (MECHANICAL):—Candidates must have had a good practical training and experience extending over not less than 5 years; held responsible positions and should possess a good technical Degree or equivalent distinction. Mechanical experience in mechanical workshops is essential.

B. EXAMINERS OF STORES (MECHANICAL):—Candidates must have undergone (i) three years' practical training, and (ii) must possess either Mechanical Engineering Degree or equivalent Diploma, or further practical experience in a Mechanical Engineering Workshop extending over not less than two years. Practical knowledge will be given preference over academic qualifications.

2. CATEGORY.	PAY Minimum.	Maximum.	AGE.
A above	Rs. 350/-	Rs. 500/-	35 May be relaxed
B above	Rs. 150/-	Rs. 200/-	30 in special cases.

3. The usual Government rules for fixing the pay of candidates already in Government employ and for reserving a certain number of posts for minority communities will apply.

4. Application forms may be obtained from the Chief Administrative Officer, Department of Supply (Purchase Branch), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 2/- for category A and Re. 1/- for category B, which may be remitted by Money Order or Indian Postal Order. Postage stamps or cheques will not be accepted and application forms must quote CAO/ADV/21.

5. Candidates should clearly specify the post for which they intend to apply.

6. Last date for receipt of requests for application forms is 17th April, 1942, and the last date for receipt of applications is 27th April, 1942. No travelling allowance will be granted for any journey which may be necessary for interviews in connection with these appointments.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER.
(7942)

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the Common jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of April, 1942, at 10-45 A. M. (S. T.).

M. R. A. BAIG,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 7th April, 1942.

(7975)

SENTINEL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SENTINEL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., Bombay, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 317-321, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on TUESDAY, the 5th May, 1942, at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Balance Sheet and Revenue Account for the period ending 31st December 1941.
2. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be brought forward before the Meeting, by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 22nd April, 1942 to 6th May, 1942 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
KALYANBHAI SARABHAI JAVERI,
General Manager.

Bombay, 6th April 1942.

NOTICE.

WANTED a FEMALE SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON in grade of Rs. 60—4—120—5—150 plus conveyance allowance Rs. 20 and house-rent Rs. 5, if necessary. Shall be required to conduct medical inspection of State and aided Girls' Schools, organise First-aid lessons, health lectures, treat minor cases at Schools, give free attendance to poor school girls at their houses and tour in districts not exceeding 20 days in a month; T. A. according to Jodhpur Government Service Regulations.

Apply with copies of testimonials (not returnable) before 1st May, 1942 to

L. TARLETON,
Medical Superintendent,
Umaid Hospital for Women and Children, Jodhpur.

7938

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of SUB-INSPECTORS in the Bombay City Police Force

Minimum qualifications: Education—Inter Arts or an equivalent examination; age, 19 to 22 years, Chest, deflated 33" and 2" expansion; Height, 5' 6". For full particulars see Office Notice No. 4506/177, dated the 28th March, 1942, published on pages 389-390 of the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, of the 2nd April, 1942.

Applications, giving the full particulars required, should be addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Divisions (I) (and not to any one by name) and forwarded so as to reach this office on or before the 20th April, 1942

Note: Original certificates and testimonials should be produced only at the time of interview, and, if forwarded with applications, will not be returned.

L. A. PADDON-ROW,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Divisions (I).

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 2nd April, 1942.

(7947)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Hydraulic Engineer's Department.

TENDERS accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 400/- for the Supply of 1 no. of 30" inside diameter sluice valve with electrically operated gear, etc. at the Malabar Hill Reservoir Control Room are invited and will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on the 15th day of May 1942.

Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope superscribed "Tenders for the supply of 30" Electrically Operated Sluice Valve at the Malabar Hill Reservoir" and addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Forms of tenders, specifications, etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. 2/- to any one deputed to receive them by the Undersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required.

E. A. NADIRSHAH,
Hydraulic Engineer.

Hydraulic Engineer's Office,
Improvement Trust Bldg.,
Napier Road, Fort,
BOMBAY, April, 1942.

(7963)

NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTH GENERAL MEETING of the Company's Policyholders will be held at the Company's Registered Office, 317-321, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday the 25th July 1942 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of electing a Director in place of Mr. Bhagubhai Chandulal Patel who retires by rotation and electing a Director in place of Mr. H. T. Rajda who has resigned.

Conditions of admission to the Meeting, Particulars of qualifications of Directors and the manner of Voting will be supplied to the policy-holders directly by post.

By order of the Board of Directors,
KALYANEHAI SARABHAI JAVERI,
General Manager.

Bombay, 6th April, 1942.

(7964)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Department Of Supply

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER of Supplies, Purchase Branch, Bombay invites tenders for the supply of copper rods soft.

The price of tender form No. MP 8G/1328 is Rs. 2/- per set of two copies and is not refundable

Last date for receipt of tenders is 4 P.M. on 13th April 1942.

(7967)

ALL INDIA RADIO

TEMPORARY POSTS OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANT.

Pay Rs. 100-7 1/2-175-10-205. Candidates should not be over 35 years of age.

QUALIFICATIONS:—A University degree in Electrical Engineering or Science with a special knowledge of Wireless and some practical experience of Wireless or Electrical Engineering.

Applications on the prescribed form accompanied by a treasury receipt for Rs. 3/- should reach the Controller of Broadcasting, New Delhi, not later than 8th May, 1942. No claim for a refund of the fee will be entertained, nor will any fee be held in reserve for any subsequent selection. Applications already received in this office before this advertisement will not be considered for these posts unless submitted afresh on the prescribed form with the treasury receipt. Full particulars and the prescribed application forms can be had free of charge from the Controller of Broadcasting, 5, Sikandra Road, New Delhi.

(7947)

Public Notices

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
BOMBAY INSPECTION CIRCLE.

WANTED

GIRLS—TELEPHONE OPERATORS—to work on a switchboard having seven main lines and about 30 extensions. Education upto Matriculation and knowledge of Hindustani and other Indian languages i.e. Marathi, etc. will be additional qualification. Only those with previous experience may apply. PAY RS. 70/- P.M. Apply stating age, educational qualifications, nationality, province or origin and previous experience to:—

THE CONTROLLER OF INSPECTION,
Ahmedabad House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.

(7968)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY
BOMBAY HARBOUR—PROHIBITED AREA FOR PRIVATELY OWNED VESSELS

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the informations of all concerned that with effect from 15th April, 1942, the under mentioned area is prohibited to all privately owned vessels, other than those holding a special permit from the Naval Authorities.

The area enclosed by H.M.I. Dockyard Breakwater and a line drawn from the North East end of the breakwater to Bombay Castle Flag Staff.

(Sd.) G. V. G. BEAMISH,
Captain, R.I.N,
Naval Officer-in-Charge,
Bombay

(7969)

NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN that the Policy No. 148 issued in favour of Mr. Purshotam Jamnadas Shah for Rs. 5,000/- is LOST or MIS-PLACED, a duplicate Policy will be issued in favour of the Policy-holder unless objection is raised within one month hereof.

J. M. AKHANEY,
Managing Director,
Union Life Assce. Co., Ltd.,

Bombay, Dated: 6th April, 1942.

7962.

G. I. P. RLY.

ICE CONTAINERS

THE ADMINISTRATION regrets to announce that it has been necessary to DISCONTINUE for the present the supply of ICE CONTAINERS for cooling compartments during the hot weather.

The sale of ice and aerated waters is, however, not affected, and will be sold by authorised vendors on all Important Trains.

7961.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MONGHIBAI, widow of Prandas Khimji has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land of the Foras Tenure containing by admeasurement two thousand three hundred and twelve square yards or thereabouts and formerly registered by the Collector of land Revenue along with other land under Collector's Old Nos. 30, 530, 375 and 387 and Old Survey Nos. 156, 154/2 and 155 and now registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Nos. 13532, 13889 and 13894 and New Survey Nos. 1/7048 and Cadastral Survey No. 40 of the Tardeo Division together with the two chawls and other structures standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 3692 and 3693 and Street Nos. 6, 6A and 6B all which premises are situate at and on the Western side of Jehangir Daji Street also known as Chikalwadi at Tardeo in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by the said Jehangir Daji Street, on or towards the West by the property of the Zoroastrian Building Society Limited, on or towards the North by the property of Dinshaw Edulji Vachha and others the trustees of the Society for the promotion of Education among the Masses and on or towards the South by the compound wall and the property of the Vendor and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.

Bombay, Dated this 7th day of April, 1942.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

7971

Public Notices

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED that under Rule 7 of the Defence of India Rules the following gates in the Alexandra Dock will be closed to traffic as indicated with effect from the 9th instant.

RED GATE, Alexandra Dock—from 8 P.M. to 6 A.M.

WHITE GATE, Alexandra Dock—entirely closed by day and night.

THE YELLOW GATE, Alexandra Dock, will be open to traffic throughout the day and night.

W. G. H. TEMPLETON,
Manager,
Bombay Port Trust Docks.

6th April, 1942.

7963.

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

BOMBAY INSPECTION CIRCLE,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED IMMEDIATELY from MUSLIMS for temporary posts of:—

(A) EXAMINERS OF STORES (Mechanical).
(B) EXAMINERS OF STORES (Structural).

Candidates should have had a general education and sound knowledge of fundamentals of Engineering theory and design. They should have served apprenticeship or received practical training for 3 years in an Engineering Workshop of repute engaged in general engineering and should either (a) have had further practical Mechanical Structural experience for not less than 2 years or (b) have a Mechanical/Structural degree or equivalent diploma. Pay Rs. 150-200 according to qualifications.

CONTROLLER OF INSPECTION.

(7972)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. Bennett & Co. will sell by public auction on Saturday the 11th April 1942 at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at National Insurance Building (2nd floor) at Hornby Road Fort, the undermentioned property of Toyo Menkwa Kaisha Ltd. vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

Household furniture such as drawing room suites, dining tables chairs, teapoys, wardrobes, showcases, iron beds, writing tables, etc.

On view from the 10th inst.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 554 BAGS RICE.

Under instructions from the Deputy Conservator Bombay Port Trust and in accordance with the provisions of Section 277 Part VII of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act XXI of 1923 Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 13th April, 1942, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 1 shed Alexandra Dock the above goods salved from the Rangoon River.

A deposit of 25 p.c. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.

The Only Nationally Popular Picture in Town!
CIRCO'S
Epic of and for the Nation
Apna Ghar
6th WEEK at
KRISHNA
Talkies—Dubash Theatre
3 Shows To-day: 3 and 6 P.M. HINDI
9 P.M. MARATHI

A New Adventure in a New Romance in NATIONAL'S
Nirdosh
NATIONAL'S PICTURE
Starring:
NALINI JAYWANT
3 and 9 p.m. HINDI
6 p.m. MARATHI
SWASTIK

MARVELLOUS ATTRACTION!
15th Favourite Week!
RANJIT'S Musical Present
SHADI
Director: JAYANT DESAI
Daily at 4, 6-45, & 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road, DADAR.

The family film in full swing
8th WEEK
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Mat. 1-30 Sat., Sun. and Holidays
MURLI MOVIETONE'S
PYAS
Starring:
SNEHPRABHA and ISHWARLAL

Story of an Artist Artistically produced!
AMAR PICTURES' *Maiden Hit*
KHILAUNA
Starring:
SNEHPRABHA, PRABHA, JAIRAJ
with Satish, Kanaya and others.
Director:
SARVOTTAM BADAMI
3rd Week at
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Along with
"CRIPPS TOPICAL"

THE FILM YOU SHOULD NOT MISS IS NOW AT
BROADWAY
(Dadar)
Daily 4-15, 7 & 10 PM.
Mat. 1-30 P.M on Sat, Sun. & Holidays
KAMLA TALKIES'
SOHANA GEET
NEXT SATURDAY
ALI BABA

Spreading the Radiance of Humanity
is the Prakash Epic
BHARAT MILAP
(HINDI)
BHARAT BHET
(MARATHI)
10th WEEK
Daily 2-30 and 5-45 (HINDI)
8-45 (MARATHI)
Sat., Sun. Morning
11-15 (MARATHI)
AN EVERGREEN PICTURE
MAJESTIC

13th WEEK
The Best Purposeful Picture!
To-morrow Special Show for LADIES at 1 P. M.
NEW THEATRES' Human Document!
DOCTOR
AT NEW **WEST-END**
Daily: 3-30, 6-15, & 9 p.m.

METRO
COMFORTABLY COOL
ESPLANADE ROAD.
TELEPHONE 31045.
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P. M.
Clark GABLE Lana TURNER
HONKY TONK

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
GRAND HOLIDAY ATTRACTION!

A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
Plenty of FUN and SONGS!
ALSO
"SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS IN INDIA"

From FRIDAY Next
THIS PICTURE WILL BE A FORERUNNER FOR ALL INDIAN COMEDIES SO FAR PRODUCED'.
BHARAT TALKIES MAIDEN SOCIAL COMEDY
Kis-Ki-Bibi
Director: M. A. MIRZA
Supervision: P. B. ZAVERI
Starring: ANURADHA (Mother India Fame) E. BILLIMORIA KALYANI VATSALA GULAB HIMALAYAVALA FATTY PRASAD
SUPER CHARNI ROAD

FLOWERS OF HUMANITY
BLOSSOMING IN THIS SUBLIME SOCIAL
DRAWING CROWDS
PRODUCED BY SUNRISE PICTURES
WHO Gave You 'GHAR-KI-LAJ'
MALAN
Story: Mr. DAVE Direction: Mr. VYAS
Starring: SHANTA HUBLIKAR, BALWANT SINGH, JAGDISH, RATAN BAI, M. MUSHARRAF etc.
LAMINGTON
Daily 4, 7, & 10 P.M. Sat. Sun. at 1 P.M.
(A Select Serial Release)

Golden Opportunity! ONLY ONE PROGRAMME!
To-day, Wednesday, 8th April, at 5-30 p.m.
JYUTHIKA RAY
Honourable RAJE-MAHARAJESAHEBAS will be present at the occasion!
MELODIOUS NEW BHAJANS WITH H. M. V. ORCHESTRA
SUNDERBAI HALL Queens Rd.
Tickets available at the Hall from 8 a.m.
Rates Rs. 15/0/0, 11/8/0, 8/0/0, 5/12/0, 4/8/0, 3/6/0, 2/4/0, 1/8/0, 1/2/0.

When a village girl loses herself in city seething with excitement
IT'S AN ELECTRIFYING EXPERIENCE!
BE READY TO HAVE THA EXPERIENCE WHEN YOU SEE
VENUS' Victory Offering
KIRTI

STORY M. G. RANGNEKAR
DIRECTION GUNJAL
Co-starring LALITA PAWAR, JAIRAJ & JAGDISH
PREMIERE NEXT SATURDAY AT MINERVA
Booking with NEW INDIA FILM CORPORATION, BOMBAY.

"SANTA MARIA"
One part of the above ticket No. 18141
First Prize in Delhi.

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
CHARLES BOYER
Olivia de HAVILLAND
Paulette GODDARD
"HOLD BACK THE DAWN"

SEE
The Nation's Future on the Anvil!
NEWS-REEL of Sir STAFFORD CRIPPS meeting Indian leaders being shown till FRIDAY with
JHOOLA
BOMBAY TALKIES' Song-and-Dance Comedy
at the
ROXY
Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.

GONORRHOEA CURED
OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE:—Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m only:
Visit Personally.
SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.)
Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road, Opp Central Bank, Bombay 4.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 8, 1998
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 21, 1361
Parsi: Avan 6, 1311
Sunrise: 6-28 a.m. Sunset: 6-53 p.m.
Hightide: 4-44, 18-15; Lowtide: 11-07 —

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

SWASTIK—"Nirdosh" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Naya Sansar" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Maian" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Hold Back The Dawn" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
METRO—"Honky Tonk" 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"You Will Never Get Rich" 3, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Sohana Geet" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Doctor" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-30, 5-45 and 8-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Pyas" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Taj Mahal" 3-30 6-15 and 9 p.m.
REGAL—"Keep 'em Flying" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
AURORA—"Sikandar" 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Shadi" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Pagal" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Blood and Sand" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Khilauna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15 5-45 and 9 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Apna Ghar" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Society" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Palna" 3-30 6-15 and 9 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

HAJI ABDUL RAHIM late proprietor Diamond Jubilee Washing Co., expired at his residence Diamond Manzil Karelwadi on 7th at 10 a.m. JIARAT ceremony will take place on Thursday 9-30 a.m. at Karelwadi Mosque.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN: "Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications column."

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Rates for press-telegrams to China Via I.R.C. are five and a half annas per word.

NIGHT PATROLLING: Under the auspices of the "Champagalli Nagrik Dal", night patrolling is carried on since Monday. Mr. Ratilal Hirji is the G. O. C. of the Dal.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public meeting for Questions and Answers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

A.R.P. COMMITTEE, MATUNGA: Mr. P. N. Ganapati Class III Instructor, will deliver a lecture on "Damage Report" today (Wednesday), at 9 p.m. in Divisional Headquarters, Matunga.

BOMBAY AKALI-DAL: The following telegram has been sent to Sir Stafford Cripps: "Bombay Akali Dal fully supports representations made by Master Tara Singh. Will resist Pakistan scheme'.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL CLUB: Owing to a practice black-out between sunset and 8-30 p.m. on Friday the 10th inst., the function of the Club which was to take place that evening at Green's is cancelled.

AIR MAILS TO UNOCCUPIED BURMA: With immediate effect, Air Mail Service to Unoccupied Burma is resumed. In consequence, correspondence will be accepted for public air mails. The rates and conditions will be same as before suspension.

CHARTERED INSURANCE INSTITUTE (LONDON): Papers of the Chartered Insurance Institute's Examination London, have been received and the Examination will be held at the Davar's College of Commerce Hall, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay, on the 13th and 14th April commencing at 10 a.m. on each day.

R. I. N. TRAINEES ENTERTAINED: Twenty-five R.I.N. marines under training were entertained to a sumptuous Easter Dinner by the Friends' Christian Guild on Sunday last, at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House when prominent Indian Christian leaders and a large gathering of friends were present.

ADIVASI SEVA MANDAL: Dahanu Taluka Adivasi Conference, the first Adivasi Conference of the Adivasis in Dahanu Taluka of the Thana District will be held today (Wednesday), at Mahalaxmi in the interior of the Dahanu Taluka under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher, President, Adivasi Seva Mandal.

KHER ON VILE PARLE EXHIBITION: Mr. Kher says: This Exhibition though on a modest scale has been very thoughtfully got up. The Gramodyog and Khadi Section, the Air Raid and First Aid Section, all are carefully arranged. The best feature is the ladies First Aid Demonstration. I hope, each suburb will get up similar Exhibitions."

MINT WORKERS' DEMAND: Under the auspices of the Mint Workers' Union, Bombay a meeting of the Bombay Mint Workers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at the Bohara Bazar Street Parsee Clock Tower, Fort, to demand increase in the rate and scope of war allowance, adequate A.R.P. arrangements in the Mint, payment of advance to the workers for the evacuation of their families. Workers will be also advised to stick up to their jobs in times of emergency.

BHANDAR FOR VILLAGE PRODUCTS: In Paian Sojpal Bldg., Dadar, under the auspices oyf Shree Navjiwan Sangh a Bhandar has been opened, of which Sjt. Shankerrao Deo did the opening ceremony. The Bhandar deals only in village made goods, hand made paper, etc. Also a "Gramodyog Bhojnalaya" has been started for the facility of the public to give clean food.

Society Wedding At Malabar Hill

'Crissmill', Malabar Hill, residence of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice K. C. Sen, I. C. S., of Bombay High Court, was the scene of a Society Wedding on Friday last, when Mr. Justice Sen's eldest daughter Aruna Sen was married to Lt. Samar Mukerji, R. I. N. V. R son of late Major Mukerji, I. M. S. The bride looked charming in a saree of Gold Brocade. The special feature of the occasion was that vedic rites were observed for the ceremony.

There was a large and distinguished gathering on the occasion.

There was a reception after the wedding, when Guests were entertained with sumptuous refreshments

Death Of An Amalsad Philanthropist

The death took place on 24th March at Amalsad of Rao Saheb Hirachand Dhulchand, a well-known philanthropist, who had liberally helped several educational and other institutions during his life-time Sheth Maganlal Hirachand, eldest son of the deceased has offered a donation of Rs 15,000 to the Amalsad Vibhag Kelvani Mandal in memory of the deceased, and the Mandal has decided to name its hostel after the late Rao Saheb and to found five scholarships also in his

BEAUTY OF KATHAK TECHNIQUE

Delightful Dances At Opera House

The Manaraja Bindadin School of Dancing and Music conducted by Pandit Sunderprasad, the well-known exponent of Kathak technique, asserted itself as a progressive institutiin in a dance-recital given by it at the Royal Opera House on Sunday morning. The programme provided an exclusive fare of dances and gave a scope to the students in the different stages of training to render an account of their abilities and achievements. Mr. Yashodhara Katju, who is a talented artist, contributed three delightful dances in which she was quite brisk and graceful, in her movements and expressions Miss Sundarabai Tonsekar was equally free in the execution of 'Lakshmi Tal' It is interesting to note that Mr.K. K. Habbar, who is one of the young front rank painters of Bombay, has now emerged as a dancer also. He made his debut on the stage as such in a solo 'Vishnu' which he rendered at pleasant item by sculpturesque poses whose accuracy was evidently determined by the training and experience of Mr. 'Habbar as an artist. Misses Subodh Dalvi and Vasanti Kamatvied with each other in executing "Dhima Tritala" and rendering in a lively dance. Miss Padmini Sheti contributed an interesting solo 'Madhu Madhavi' and ably partnered Mr. Prakash in 'Khedut'. 'Kathala' introduced Master Ramesh Ganzgiri as a promising student. Miss Suniti Shamshi. Miss Kunda Vaidya and Misses Nandabala and Kundabala Rele and other participants also acquitted themselves creditably.

TODAY'S NATIONAL WEEK PROGRAMME

At 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) public meeting at Ghodapdeo President: Dhirajlal B. Desai; Speakers: Shri S. K. Patil; P. K. Sawant; M. B. Vora and K. L. Borkar.

"Self-Protection" Exhibition which was inaugurated by Dr. M. D. D. Glider will remain open daily for a week more between the hours 5 and 8 p.m. (S.T.)

SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION. At 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), First Aid Demonstration. There is no admission fee for the Exhibition.

A WARD C. C. & FORT STUDENTS UNION: Street Corner meeting 7-30 a.m. Street Corner meeting Bazargate St. Near Tower 7-30 p.m.

AT DELISLE ROAD, PAREL: Public meeting near Bawla Mashida 5-30 p.m.

F WARD C.C.: Public meeting at Ganesh Maidan Lalbaug 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

NATIONAL WEEK MEETING AT KHAR: Under the auspices of A.I.W.C. Khar-Santa-Cruz, a public meeting of women will be held to-day (Wednesday) at Laxminagar Hall, 10th Road Khar, for observing the National Week. Mr. Ashok Mehta will speak, and Mrs. Mudricaben Anjaria will preside.

P.V.B. IN MATUNGA: All the P.V.B. volunteers in Matunga circle are required to be present at the Napoo Hall to-day (Wednesday), at 8-45 p.m. when Mr. Ashok Mehta G.O.C. will distribute the P.V.B. Badges to all the volunteers and address them.

About one dozen classes in First-Aid and A.R.P. will be started by the P.V.B. during the course of the week in Matunga and all the volunteers who have not undergone training in these are requested to immediately get in touch with their centre or unit officers or the circle office at Napoo Hall and give their names.

'D'—5 CIRCLE: Under the auspices of the above Circle, a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Sicka Nagar, when leading workers will address, on "P.V.B. Programme and Duties of the Citizens in Exceptional Circumstances."

Mobilise 50,000 Volunteers

(Issued from the P.V.B. Headquarters.)

A fully packed mass meeting of the mill workers was addressed on Monday evening at the Laibag Maidan by Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the P.V.B. The meeting was in connection with the National and P.V.B. Week.

Mr. Patil made an impassioned appeal to the workers to lose no time in organising themselves for their self-defence. Any delay now was not only dangerous but definitely suicidal. From Colombo to Bombay was not a far cry in these days of air attacks. They had no time now to quarrel with anybody, not even with Government. Self-protection was people's job and the people must know how best and how quickly to organise it.

Mr. Patil asked the workers to stay in Bombay and protect themselves and also the fair name of the city which had nursed them all these years. Panic would destroy them much earlier than the enemy bombs. They must all join the P.V.B which was their organisation for their safety and protection. Was it impossible for the City to mobilize 50,000 volunteers for this great cause? When the actual danger came, they must not be found unprepared. They must face the impending danger like brave men.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY APRIL 8

Delhi, I—Programme.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian Troops. 5 Master Madan. 5-20 Abdullah: Vocal Music. 5-35 Ghalib Aur Dagh. 5-20 Women's Programme 7 Feroza Begam. 7-15 The Allied Commands. 1. 7-35 It has Happened 7-35 Zohra Jamal. 7-45 For Villagers Only. 8-30 Youth Looks Ahead, 1. 8-45 Jigar Ki Ghazlen. 9-30 BBC News relay. 9-45 Successes of C. I. Horse by O.C. and recorded messages (H.) from Indian troops in M. East. 10 Benoy Kumar Ghose: Vocal music. 10-15 Zohra Jan of Ambala. 10-30 Master Madan

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. G. M. Nagpuri 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Master Ibrahim. 8-20 AIR Chorus Party. 8-30 Ramnath B. Mathkar 8-50 News in Marathi 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Susheela Bai Honnavarker.

12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Movie music. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music.

5 To-morrow. 5-5 Ramnath B. Mathkar 5-25 S. A. Chapekar. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Bhajan. 6 News in English. 6-10 News in Hindustani. 6-20 Local News and Announcements. 6-25 Local News and Announcements. 6-30 Susheelabai Honnavarker. 6-45 G. M. Nagpuri 7 The Nazi offensive in the Spring 7-15 Vilayat Husain. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Jaitarang Solo 8 News in Marathi 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 War review. 8-45 Radio reconnaissance 9 News in Hindustani 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Tarana. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Air Orchestra. 10-10 Susheelabai Honnavarker. 10-20 G. M. Nagpuri. 10-30 Vilayat Husain.

Bombay II—Programme.

41.44 metres (7 240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Vilayat Husain. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 850 Gujarati geet. 9 Ramlal. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7 240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1

41.44 metres (7 240 kc/s)

5 to 6 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 6 Marathi pad. 6-10 Kannada song 6-20 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.49 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 G M Nagpuri. 8-15 Ramnath B Mathkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Vilayat Husain. 9-30 The surprise symphony 10 Chamber music

ISLAMIC RESEARCH ASSOCIATION: The ninth annual general meeting of the Islamic Research Association will be held at 6 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) in the rooms of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay.

After the ordinary business of the meeting, Messrs. W. Ivanow and A.A.A. Fyzee will give short accounts of their books, namely, The Rise of the Fatimids, and A Shi'ite Creed, respectively, which are shortly to be published by the Association.

Members are cordially invited to bring guests.

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or is SOCIETY for MAN?
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WE MUST CHANGE THE DHOBI AGAIN! THIS ONE ALSO USES BAD SOAP THAT ROTS CLOTHES AND MAKES TROUBLE ON MY SKIN.
I HEARD HIS ANGER AND LISTENED TO HIS WORDS. WHY NOT HAVE THE SERVANT WASH THE SHIRTS AT HOME WITH GOOD SOAP, AND SAVE THIS TROUBLE?
MY HUSBAND MUST BE WELL DRESSED, AND THE SERVANT CANNOT WASH SHIRTS CLEAN AND WHITE LIKE THE DHOBI
HE WILL WASH THEM CLEANER AND WHITER THAN THE DHOBI IF YOU GIVE HIM SUNLIGHT SOAP. I WILL SHOW HIM THE EASY, GENTLE SUNLIGHT WAY TO WASH—THEN YOU WILL HAVE NO TROUBLE.
MAKE CLOTHES VERY WET—SOAP WELL WITH SUNLIGHT SOAP
DON'T BEAT! WASH GENTLY
RINSE IN CLEAR WATER—SEE ALL SOAP RINSES RIGHT OUT
THAT IS THE WAY! IT WILL SAVE MONEY WHEN CLOTHES LAST LONGER. MY HUSBAND WILL BE HAPPY AND BETTER-DRESSED AND SO COMFORTABLE—NO BAD SOAP TO HURT HIS SKIN.
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The Bombay Chronicle

RESTORE PROHIBITION

It may be remembered that on a reference by the Presidency Magistrate with regard to the question whether a Provincial legislature had the power to enforce total prohibition the Bombay High Court expressed an opinion that a Provincial Legislature had no such power and that, therefore, the Bombay Government' Act of 1940 amending the Abkari Act and conferring upon Government expressly the power to enforce total prohibition was 'ultra vires' of the Government. The Government thereupon applied for a certificate under Section 205 of the Government of India Act to enable them to appeal to the Federal Court But the High Court refused to grant the certificate on the ground that no question of law as to the interpretation of the Constitution Act was involved in the case. This was a wrong view because the question in dispute was clearly how to interpret the Act, whether under the Act a Provincial Legislature had the right to enforce total prohibition or not. But the Bombay Government chose to leave the matter there and were content to maintain partial prohibition in selected areas. Thus much good that had been done by the Congress Government was undone, though the undoing brought some more Excise revenue, as we noted in our comments on the Bombay Budget for 1942-43.

Federal Court's Decision

The position was much better in Bihar, where the High Court held that the local legislature had every right to enforce complete prohibition in any area in the province and that, therefore, the existing prohibition legislation was quite valid. And on appeal this decision was upheld by the Federal Court. The judgment of the Chief Justice, Sir Maurice Gwyer, thoroughly discussed all the issues raised in this connection and completely vindicated the policy of the Congress Government in Bombay and Bihar. He took his stand on the general principle that "Indian legislatures within their own sphere have plenary powers of legislation as large and of the same nature as those of Parliament itself," unless, of course, their powers are specifically limited. In the present case the powers of the Provincial Legislatures with regard to prohibition are governed by the language of item 31 in the list of Provincial subjects in the 7th Schedule of the Government of India Act of 1935. That list sets out all matters about which a Provincial Legislature is empowered to legislate and item 31 mentions: "Intoxicating liquors and narcotic drugs, that is to say, the production, manufacture, possession, transport, purchase and sale of intoxicating liquors, opium and other narcotic drugs." The Chief Justice held that the power to legislate with respect to intoxicating liquors undoubtedly included the power to prohibit them throughout the province. The position might have been different if a word like "regulate" were used with regard to these liquors. But the Chief Justice pointed out that no such word was used in item 31.

Undo The Mischief

It had been objected against the Congress Government's policy that the old Excise Acts were revenue measures and could not be amended in a manner that might extinguish the revenue. But the Chief Justice held: "There is no reason in theory or principle why an Excise Act should not have a double object, the benefit of the revenue and the improvement of public health or morals by a greater control of the liquor trade, the Licensing Acts in England are an example. We find it not easy to understand the purpose or object of Section 19 (4), if it were not intended for the purpose of promoting the cause of temperance, whether by means of the policy which used to be known as local option or by means of total prohibition; and its appearance on the statute book in so many provinces in the course of the same generation is a proof that temperance doctrines were, as indeed is common knowledge, attracting public notice at that period over a considerable part of India. The only novelty about more recent legislation is that it goes further and is more radical in character." It is unnecessary to go over all the arguments advanced by the Chief Justice to uphold the power of Provincial Legislature to enforce prohibition. But all these need to be considered by a Government like that of Bombay. Since the opinion of the Bombay High Court has been set aside by the Federal Court the Bombay Government ought to take immediate step to restore complete prohibition wherever it was enforced by the Congress Ministry. Prohibition is, indeed, a greater boon in war conditions than in normal times. The Congress Ministry had done great and good work by introducing prohibition. The good work, done by the Congress Government should not be allowed to be ruined and that, too, under a wrong conception of the law.

War Comes To India

The threat of war that has been facing India since the Malaya-Singapore debacle has now materialised into stark, grim reality. Japanese occupation of lower Burma and the Andamans, the raid on Colombo and alerts in Calcutta have now been followed by the bombing of Vizagapatam and Coconada and an alert in Madras. The war has now reached India's own mainland. This grim development constitutes without doubt the greatest and most exigent challenge to Indo-British statesmanship. And the strategical significance of the attack further emphasizes the urgency of this challenge.

Clearly the Japanese Navy has entered the Bay of Bengal in strength. And it is working in two directions. One force with at least two aircraft carriers is operating westwards in the vicinity of Colombo and another, probably a smaller one, northwards along India's east coast. The New Delhi communique reporting the raids on Vizagapatam and Coconada is very brief but it virtually admits that the Japanese have secured mastery of the Bay of Bengal. This is bad in itself and, as an ominous portent, it is even worse. Bogged rather badly on the Australian front, it will only be natural for the Japanese to intensify their aggressive activities on the Indo-Burma front, for they cannot afford to suspend their initiative even temporarily. They have, therefore, come into the Bay of Bengal in force. We agree with the view that an actual sea and airborne invasion of India is still far from feasible. But enjoying as they do naval domination in the Bay of Bengal they can easily roam along the entire coast shelling and bombing towns and harbours. It is a grave situation which can only be met by adequate naval forces and aircraft. Does the Indian Command possess both or either? It is noteworthy that the Vizagapatam Harbour which has an important ship-building yard of the Scindia Company was bombed twice in day light, but while the New Delhi communique refers to some damage in the dock area, it does not mention any losses to the attacking aircraft.

Why?

If British recognition is the test, Sir Muhammad Zafrullah is a genius with outstanding talents for anything and everything. As a constitution-maker at the Round Table Conference, he evidently impressed the Viceroy and the Secretary of State so much that they decided to bestow upon the Governor-General's Executive Council the benefit of his membership. In that Council he adorned a number of posts and incidentally "represented" India at a Conference or so in London also during the early days of the war. Later he was made a Judge of the Federal Court. But he has not been law giving for more than a year when the Government of India find that they cannot do without him in another sphere of high activity. Sir Muhammad Zafrullah has emerged now as an international diplomat. He will represent the Government of India at the Headquarters of a great foreign Power China. Now we have nothing against Sir Muhammad Zafrullah as a man or as a talented individual. But a question does occur to us as to whether there is, according to Lord Linlithgow such a dearth of suitable Indians that only "tried" and unquestionably "safe" men should be shuffled and shifted from place to place.

Frankly Speaking

Pressure On Wainwright

It is, of course, not unnatural that General Yamashita should make an all out attempt to crush General Wainwright's forces in the Philippines. Supported by continuous shelling and aerial attacks, he has assaulted the defenders' right centre with great force and persistent determination. Encouraged by some gains on Saturday he renewed his attack with the same fierceness. This attack, it is pleasing to note was effectively beaten off and so have two successive attempts to land troops on the east coast of Bataan. These successes, however, emphasise General Yamashita's extensive preparations and resolve to liquidate General Wainwright. The latter cannot, of course, hold out indefinitely. But if he can keep the Japanese engaged for even a month or two he will have accomplished a great and valuable feat.

Rank Injustice

Replying to a question in the Council of State Sir Alan Hartley stated that the total number of emergency commissioned officers in the Indian army belonging to the British Dominions and Colonies was 68, of whom nine were Australians, 30 New Zealanders and 29 Rhodesians. When some months ago a few Australians were appointed officers in the Indian Army, the anomaly was severely condemned by all parties as a matter of principle, though the number of the Australian was small. But the number of officers from the Dominions and Colonies is growing considerably while the objection on principle remains. The requisite number of Indians could have been easily found from among University Training Corps and trained as officers. That has not been done, and the appointment of men from the Dominions and Colonies will presumably be justified on the plea that suitable Indians could not be found. That would be fresh instances of adding insult to injury.

Late Mr. Anandshankar Dhruva

Gujerat loses one of its great literary figures by the death of Mr. Anandshanker Dhruva. Mr. Dhruva served as Professor of Sanskrit in the Gujerat College, Ahmedabad, for many years and, on retirement, was offered the posts of professor and, subsequently, of Vice-Chancellor of the Hindu University, Benares, where he rendered invaluable service. Distinguished scholar of Sanskrit, his forte was literary criticism. As a man of rare probity he commanded the respect and admiration of all with whom he came into contact and it was, therefore, not surprising that he was often called upon to act as arbitrator in labour disputes in Ahmedabad. Modest and unassuming and a great gentleman, he was a true exponent and representative of Indian culture. We offer our heart-felt sympathy to the members of his family on their great loss which is shared by numerous friends and admirers of the deceased scholar.

Basic Education

At the U. P. Provincial Muslim Educational Conference held at Allahabad during the week-end. Dr. S. N. A. Jafferi, Chairman of the Reception Committee, remarked: "Education is much more easily taught through the basic system of education, which is not as understood by people an invention of Mr. Gandhi or a part of the Wardha scheme, but is one which has been in vogue in advanced countries for decades." This is a notable tribute to the merits of the Basic scheme, the general principles of which are being supported by the best educationists in the colntry. The scheme should, of course, be judged on its merits and not by its connection with any individual or political party And where defects are detected in the light of experience they should be scrupulously removed.

Plea For Precision

This is possible only if the results of experiments are stated in terms as precise as possible. In the current number of "Harijan" Gandhiji praises the possibilities of craft-work even in promoting intellectual education, points out the limitations of book learning and finally observes: "Let there be no differentiation made between book learning and craft work. The latter must be looked upon as an integral part of education and must have the same status as any other subject." Both mental work and manual work are integral parts of education. Nobody denies this now. But what precisely is meant by crafts being given equal status with mental or literary work? If it means that crafts should be given equal time as all the literary subjects put together are given, the proposal will not be found feasible in ordinary schools, that is, schools which are not avowedly technical. We would like to know the experience of Basic schools in Bihar and U. P. where the system is still being worked on an appreciably large scale.

Insurance Of Factories Against War Risks

Ordinance Promulgated: Companies Act As Govt. Agents

NEW DELHI, April 7.

An Ordinance relating to the Insurance of factories against war risks has been promulgated to-day and comes into force at once. The risks covered, speaking generally, include all damages to the plant and machinery and buildings of factories caused by the enemy or in combating the enemy.

An important feature is that damage resulting from destructive measures taken by or under orders of Government with a view to denying facilities to the enemy will also be covered.

It is emphasised that any person who effects insurance under the ordinance by a date which will be notified later will be held covered with effect from April 1, 1942.

The Insurance scheme will apply compulsorily to all factories situated in British India and coming under the Factories Act and to premises which were factories within the definition of "factory" in the Factories Act in 1939, 1940 and 1941, including works in course of construction which, when completed, will become factories.

BASIS OF VALUATION

The basis of valuation for the purpose of insurance will be the actual value of factory buildings and factory plant and machinery on the date of application. Buildings for the purpose of insurance includes all buildings, residential or otherwise, situated within two miles of a factory and used for the purposes of the factory.

The primary liability to insure will be that of the owner of the factory but where the owner fails to insure, the occupier of the factory will be liable to do so as the agent of the owner. Persons having an interest in property insurable under the Ordinance may also insure up to the extent of their interest.

PREMIUM

The premium payable will in the first instance, be a single premium of four per cent. of the value of the property, payable in instalments, cover being provided up to March 31 1944. Government's liability to pay compensation will be limited to 80 per cent. of the damage. The insured himself will bear the first Rs. 1,000 or 20 per cent. of the claim, whichever is greater, in respect of such claim.

Application forms and policy forms for insurance under the Ordinance will be prescribed and will be issued shortly. Insurance policies will have to be taken out through insurance companies acting as Government agents: their names will be notified in the "Gazette" as soon as possible.—A. P.

Lease And Lend Aid In India

President Roosevelt's Keen Interest In Plans Of Organisation

(From Our Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, April 7.

It is learnt authoritatively that the United States are considering the question of establishment of Government machinery within the State Department and the White House to co-ordinate Lease and Lend aid to the United Nations' forces within India. So far the War Department has handled the Lease and Lend programme exclusively in close consultation with the State Department, but the increasing importance of the Indian theatre requires highly specialised administrative machinery.

The United States desires to give India a demonstration of full consideration in the matter of defence consultations Hence the United States is likely to establish a civilian controlled special co-ordinating agency, which would invite consideration of Indian viewpoint in the allocation of supplies and arms.

Informants emphasize that the plans are at present preliminary and tentative involving numerous political and diplomatic considerations, but it is predicted that some action will be shortly taken. It is believed in some quarters that Mr. Laughlin and Mr. Currie, who are at present handling aid to China may be designated to co-ordinate aid to India in view of their great success in understanding the Chinese point of view.

It is believed that the situation in India is of sufficient importance to merit the designation of a Civilian Co-ordinator to weigh political points of view. Another factor has been the selection by President Roosevelt of Col. Johnson and Dr. Grady to proceed to India. It is, therefore presumed that President Roosevelt may wish to act through the agency of the White House instead of routine channels. It is expected that President Roosevelt will get sharp descriptions of the Indian political picture from Col. Johnson and Dr. Grady, both of whom are well-known Liberals.

Pakistan Is For Poor, Says Jinnah

ALLAHABAD, April 6.

The annual session of the All-India Muslim League concluded this afternoon amidst shouts of 'Qaid-e-Azam Zindabad.'

Mr. Jinnah in his concluding remarks congratulated the organisers for the magnificent show they had put up and for making the conference a success. He particularly thanked the National Guards.

Referring to a remark by a speaker that he should keep contact with the poor, Mr. Jinnah said: "Let me assure you that my heart is really with the poor and for the poor and I am serving them. I think that as we go along they will realise that I am their servant and if I succeed, it will be my happiness and reward that I worked for the poor and raised their standard.'

He further emphasised "We are asking for Pakistan. We want our own Government. If that Government does not mean equality of manhood what would be the use of it? So also if that Government does not provide what is necessary for the poor, what would be the use of it. 'The whole underlying principle of our struggle is that we want to do everything that is possible for the poor' concluded Mr. Jinnah.

China-Vatican Diplomatic Exchange

CHUNGKING, April 7.

An agreement between China and the Vatican has been reached, providing for the exchange of representatives according to a spokesman here. China will soon be sending an envoy to the Holy See.

Defence Of Sebastopol

BY TEODOR MENCHKOFF, SECRETARY CRIMEAN REGIONAL COMMITTEE.

SEBASTOPOL, Via Kuibyshev Radio.

Soviet defenders of this Naval base are sucking steadily into Nazi siege lines helped by 7,500 civilians and independent bands which themselves are reported to have killed 600 Germans, in a single encounter. This report of five months' siege is being forwarded at a time when we have the enemy on the defensive and we are gnawing at his positions in the mountains and the plains. Here is how the struggle goes.

There is longrange artillery shelling and airraid bombardment of Sebastopol. People cultivate land right upto Balaclava, which is in the front lines. Fishermen put out daily under enemy fire and return at night with big catches.

Heavy guns from the Red Fleet repeatedly pound the enemy lines. Inspite of dive-bombing the enemy is unable to silence, much less to destroy, the Red Fleet.

The Red Fleet on the contrary has destroyed a number of strong enemy firing posts.

The fight put up by the civilian population under constant enemy artillery fire is not less remarkable. In air-raids, where they spend much of their time the civilian population is busy producing arms and ammunition, washing and disinfecting soldiers' uniforms. When they emerge they work 2,880 acres of land cut up into 105 separate plots. These cultivators are protected by Soviet snipers perched high on "Genoese fortresses"—an important sector which has checked the German advance. The most active of Soviet partisans occasionally filter out into Sebastopol and report conditions at enemy's rear.

SCORCHED EARTH POLICY

Where It Can Succeed

(From Our Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, April 6.

In a Foreign Policy Association survey, Lawrence K. Rosinger, Far Estern expert, gave a warining that America's superior productive power and resources were not sufficient alone to defeat Japan, but these must be properly utilised as a part of general strategy. "Ability to enlist full support for our colonial ally, imagination to seize the military opportunities as they offer themselves, determination to root out potential Quislings—all these non-economic factors were not only worth more than a million tons of steel, but where they were present, the flow of materials was most likely to be at its maximum," he declared. It would be a mistake to underestimate what the Japanese would be able to do with raw materials in South East Asia. "It is sometime suggested that scorched earth policy will prevent Japan from securing significant quantities of raw materials from South East Asia, but it must be remembered that this policy will be truly effective only if people of the territory wage guerilla warfare following the initial destruction. Guerilla warfare could be conducted successfully only by the people, who are deeply convinced that they are fighting for themselves. In South East Asia such warfare would require a clearcut pledge of independence to inhabitants in areas already acquired plus important immediate concessions and future guarantees to populations still outside Japanese control."

EQUAL STATUS FOR BALUCHISTAN

Muslim League's Demand

ALLAHABAD, April 6.

The open session of the Muslim League, on resumption this morning, continued discussion on Chaudhury Khaliquzzaman's resolution authorising the President, Mr. Jinnah, to appoint a committee to take forthwith all necessary and effective steps for the protection of life, honour and property of Muslims.

The resolution was further supported by Haji Sattar, Mr. G. M. Syed, Mr. Chundrigar and Mohammad Ismail, Mustafa Shah Gilani, Khan Bahadur Mohammad Momin, Syed Abdul Rauf Shah, Maulana Abdul Hamid Badayunvi and Mr. Karimul Raza, M.L.A. They all stressed the need for organising district and city Muslim Leagues throughout the country to meet any eventualities that might arise due to the approach of war to the very doors of India.

Mr. Jinnah, explaining the resolution, referred to "the grave internal and external dangers at this juncture" and the need to save the life honour and property of 100 million Muslims. He said it did not mean that they did not also have the concern and care of other fellowmen belonging to different communities, castes and creeds. He emphasised that the Muslims should organise themselves in a systematic and planned manner without any loss of time On the committee, he continued, should be the right sort of men, capable and selfless, who could command the confidence and respect of the people. The function of the committee would be to deal with the situation as it might arise in different provinces and keep in touch with the various provincial district and primary Leagues and guide them to put into effect measures as suggested by the committee.

Mr. Jinnah made special reference to emergencies like shortage of food-stuffs, other necessaries of life and rise in prices, and said they must be dealt with. Mr. Jinnah said there might be villages or towns in which Muslims were in a handful minority, and he had grave apprehensions about them in case of any disorder. He suggested that they should, in cases of emergency, be brought at any cost or sacrifice to places where there were a larger number of Muslims.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

RELIEF AT FAZLUL HAQUE'S EXIT.

A resolution moved by Maulana Jamal Mian and unanimously adopted by the annual session of the Muslim League placed on record "its sense of relief and gratitude for the timely action of the President, in expelling from the membership of the Muslim League, the Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, who has completely forfeited the confidence of Muslims by his repeated betrayal of their cause generally in India and particularly in Bengal."

The mover said that this resolution would show that Muslims throughout India, were behind Mr. Jinnah in the action he took against Mr. Fazlul Huq.

A resolution adopted unanimously by the Muslim League session expressed heart-felt sympathies with the Indian nationals who had settled down in Java, Burma, Malaya and Singapore and who have had to lose their all and sailed homewards in most tragic circumstances.

DISCRIMINATION CONDEMNED

The resolution "condemned the action of those responsible for the shameful discrimination against Indian nationals in the matter of accommodation, route, facilities, food and water" and demanded of the Government of India to take immediate and effective steps to evacuate other compatriots still in Burma.

The resolution drew the attention of the Government of India to the inadequate arrangements made for giving relief and succour to Indian evacuees who are reaching Chittagong, Imphal and Madras coastal ports, amongst other places.

The resolution further called upon the provincial and district Muslim Leagues to render every possible assistance to evacuees.

The resolution was moved by Sir Nazimuddin and supported by the Hon. Mr. Padsha, Member of the Council of State.

OFFICE-BEARERS RE-ELECTED

The open session of the All-India Muslim League today re-elected the following office-bearers:— Secretary, Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan; Treasurer, the Raja of Mahmudabad.

The election of two joint secretaries was left to the decision of the Council of the League.

The League, by a resolution moved by Qazi Mohammad Isa of Baluchistan, member of the Working Committee, and unanimously adopted, demanded that "the province of Baluchistan be forthwith raised to the same constitutional level as the other provinces."

A resolution moved from the Chair drew "the attention of the Government of India to the grave situation that has been created in the country due to grain shortage particularly of wheat, paddy and 'dal' and requested Government to take immediate steps for the conservation of grain and other foodstuffs for the peoples of India."

An amendment in the Constitution adopted by the session increased the representation from Baluchistan on the Council of the Muslim League from five to ten.

The following resolution was put from the Chair and unanimously adopted by the open session:— "This session of the All-India Muslim League urges upon the Government of India to remove all restrictions imposed upon Allama Mashriqui and also to lift the ban on the Khaksar movement and release unconditionally all the Khaksar prisoners."

The annual session concluded this afternoon amidst shouts of "Qaid-e-Azam Zindabad."

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Before Maulana Azad and Pandit Nehru came to see Sir Stafford Cripps this morning, Col., Louis Johnson, President Roosevelt's envoy, paid a visit to Sir Stafford Cripps...

Maulana Azad and Pandit Nehru after their meeting with Sir Stafford Cripps, had a brief talk with Col. Johnson.

A. P. I

* * *

Americans, we learn, realise that a collapse of the New Delhi negotiations might have portentous consequences.

Why don't they tell Churchill then?

* * *

"For this country the (Colombo) raid will have been a blessing in disguise if it brings home to leaders and people alike the immediate need for a settlement with the British Government.

—"Times of India'

Anglo-India, of course, cannot put it the other way about: for Britain the raid will have been a blessing in disguise if it brings home to British leaders and people alike the immediate need for a settlement with India.

* * *

Mr. Savarkar has warned Sir Stafford Cripps that any Congress-League Pact will be a "broken reed".

Apparently Mr. Savarkar has no faith in his complementary opposite number Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

This is uncomradely, unjust and utterly unwarranted.

* * *

The Working Committee of the Muslim League is to meet to-day, Wednesday.

It couldn't, of course, meet yesterday. There would have been no Congress resolution to help it.

* * *

The U. S. War Department confirms that American Flying Fortresses scored direct hits on a Japanese cruiser and a transport at Port Blair.

Yes, but how about the naval force in the Bay of Bengal?

As the Junior Colleague points out, the question should be addressed to Sir Richard Peirse and Sir Herbert Fitzherbert.

* * *

By the way, the Defence Department Communique introduces the bombing of Vizag and Coconada thus: "Early in the morning of April 6, it became apparent that an enemy naval force including an aircraft carrier was operating in the Bay of Bengal."

Smart work of detection that, isn't it?

* * *

With the coming of the war to India, "there is" says Comrade M. N. Roy, "no time to lose. All political bargaining must stop and the Government be reinforced with popular men..."

What is Lord Linlithgow waiting for after this urgent offer? Why is he hesitating?

* * *

FRENCH SUGAR FOR U. S.

—Headline

The U. S. A. had better beware of Vichy sugariness.

* * *

250 sick and wounded Italian prisoners are to be exchanged for 66 British at Smyrna.

These Italian prisoners are, we hope, not too sorry for themselves.

* * *

"What does this mean, 'Under Entirely New Management?" That's the same old manager there."

"Yes, Sir," replied the waiter, "but he's married again".

Late Sir Vithaldas Was Bombay's Youngest Mayor

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—With regard to the mayoral election this year it has appeared in your issue of the 3rd instant—and in many other papers besides—that Mr. Meherally is Bombay's youngest Mayor. I beg to point out that this is really not the case. The late Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey was, I think, the youngest man to obtain this distinction. He was born on 30th November 1873 and was elected President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation—there was no title of Mayor then—on 25th April 1907. He was, therefore, under 34 years of age at the time he occupied this high position. As you further mention in your paper that Mr. Meherally is 36 years of age, Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey was at least two years younger when he became in 1907 President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation. In fairness to him therefore, I feel that this should be brought to the attention of the public. I sincerely hope you will do the needful.—Yours etc.

VIJAY MERCHANT.

PHENOMENAL PROGRESS OF P. V. B.

Patil's Appeal To Public To Become Volunteers In Their Thousands: Dr. Gilder Opens "Self-Protection Exhibition" At Jinnah Hall

An account of the measures which it would be necessary to take not only for the protection of the life and property of the citizens, but for their succour and relief in case of need and also the work done by the Peoples' Volunteer Brigade in this behalf was given by Dr. M. D. D. Gilder in declaring open the "Self-Protection Exhibition", at Jinnah Hall, on Tuesday evening.

The Exhibition is a part of the programme of the P. V. B. for the National Week.

Prominent among those present at the opening ceremony was Mr. N. M. Joshi who returned from Delhi the same day.

Progress Of P. V. B.

In requesting Dr. Gilder to declare the Exhibition open, Mr S. K. Patil, General Secretary of th eP. V. B. said:—

"You are all aware that it was in the middle of February that the P. V. B. started functioning in full strength and I can assure you that during the last seven weeks, we have been able to make phenomenal progress, thanks to the spontaneous and ungrudging support of the people on the one side and loyal and unremitting endeavours of our workers on the other. During this short space of time we have been able to demonstrate what a people's organisation, manned, managed and controlled by the people themselves could do. There is enough lesson in this both to the A. R. P. and the Government of Bombay

APPEAL TO PUBLIC

"With all that we have been able to achieve, I cannot delude you into a belief that the City of Bombay has become protection-minded in the real sense of that expression. A large majority of us has not yet been induced to cast off its peace-time habits of self-complacency and indifference. In spite of the persistent labours both of the A. R. P. and the P. V. B., I must warn the people of Bombay that we have not yet been able to travel much beyond touching the fringe of the vast problem of self-defence.

"Everybody knows that modern warfare is complicated and technical; so also civil defence has become an elaborate technical problem calling for scientific training and patient preparations. Self-protection by civilian population against air-raids has, indeed, become an art. It is with the object of training the mass mind in this art that this "Self-Protection Exhibition" has been designed and organised by the Board of Control of the P. V. B. The Exhibition will give you a graphic picture of the multifarious activities of the P. V. B. for the safety and security of over a million souls in this City.

"On behalf of the P. V. B. I once again earnestly appeal to the citizens of Bombay to swell the ranks of the P. V. B. by becoming its volunteers in their thousands and thus assure their self-protection in the dangerous times ahead. The raids on Colombo, Vizagapatam and Coconada have a terrible lesson for us. Should we not learn that lesson and act forthwith while perhaps there is yet time?

REPORT OF P. V. B. ACTIVITIES

Mr. Ashok Mehta, the G. O. C. of the P.V.B. in making a report of the activities of the P. V. B. said:

"For the purpose of the P. V. B. the seven wards of the City have been divided into over 100 Circles and work is going on in most of these Circles. The P. V. B. Head Quarters keep in touch with them through its seven Divisional Officers."

After giving a detailed account of the ground covered by the P. V. B. so far he said:— "In the seven weeks that the P. V. B. has been in existence, much work has been done, but much more remains to be done. With the co operation of the people, the enthusiasm of our volunteers, and given sufficient time, we may face the future with confidence."

He also thanked Mr. J. N. Roy of the Indian School of Art for the help he had rendered in arranging the Exhibition.

GILDER OPENS EXHIBITION

In declaring the exhibition open Dr. M. D. D. Gilder said:—

"The last war was a war of dug-outs and trenches. It was, however, a war between armies, and the civil population, away from the field of battle, saw very little of the carnage. This time things have entirely changed. We are now in the midst of total war where the part of the civil population in warfare has risen to a state which has never been before. Towns, cities, the civil population, women and children—are all at the battle front to-day. It is, therefore, necessary, for the civil population to be as well prepared against the danger that threatens them as the army itself. In the bombardment of London, Coventry and other towns in England, the enemy has shown how mercilessly he can make the civil population suffer. It behoves, therefore, every citizen of this city to take such precautions and such means as would safeguard his own life, the life of his family and his property.

"We have all heard what happened to the civil population in Rangoon. We certainly do not wish to be caught equally unprepared.

TASK FOR P. V. B.

"It is a pity that the existing Government—bureaucratic as it is with bureaucratic methods—has not been able to strike the imagination of the people and to get their intimate co-operation. Realising the failure of the A. R. P. in rousing popular enthusiasm, the People's Volunteer Brigade has come forward to undertake that task.

"The P. V. B. is a non-political, non-communal, non-official association of the citizens of Bombay who have got together to stop the breach, to evolve methods for the protection of the lives of citizens and of their properties in the times of stress that we are passing through. It is ready and willing to co-operate with all organisations which have a similar object. It was started only seven weeks ago and I am glad to say that it has made a considerable progress. It has met with good co-operation from Bombay citizens and within the short time of this existence, has evoked considerable enthusiasm."

But Bombay is a big city and its people should be more roused to the consciousness of the danger that is coming nearer every day and to the means of protection that are at our disposal against that danger. It is for this purpose that this Exhibition has been inaugurated to-day."

Dr. Gilder then gave an account of the activities which the P. V. B. might be called upon to undertake such as fire fighting, dealing with incendiary bombs, 24 hours patrolling of evacuated portions of the city, repair damage caused by explosives, providing food and shelter to people rendered destitute and homeless, giving medical aid to injured, organisation of first aid posts, casualty clearance, mobile ambulances, imparting first aid instructions and other matters.

In conclusion he said:—"If this Exhibition succeeds in rousing the mass mind to a sense of the necessities of the situation, it will have done its good work."

A LOOK ROUND THE EXHIBITION

Volunteers had to be called, as visitors swelled at both entrances of the Jinnah Hall where the Self-Protection exhibition under the auspices of the P. V. B. was opened on Tuesday evening.

Against a background of red curtains, the various passive defence activities during an air raid, were departmentalised and explained by volunteers. Keen interest was taken by the visitors at the exhibition.

The first aid post set up on the dais and overlooking the whole exhibition was decorated with charts relating to human anatomy and was equipped with over fifty articles necessary in any casualty section, following an air raid.

Blue Delimination charts covering up the whole city of Bombay give an indication to find out the street and locality of all those residing in the city.

While the Household equipment section gripped the interest of men, the safety room chained the interest of women visitors. The first consisted of First Aid Box, shovel, axe, water bucket, lantern, candles, torch, rope, stirrup pump and such other articles necessary to remove the debris in the bucket-and-shovel fashion. The latter laid emphasis on the artistic side of arranging household articles. Fruits were piled up in a corner. Neither the harmonium, nor the spinning wheel had been forgotten.

Two articles in the exhibition could not be missed by the visitors, and these were the dummy incendiary and magnesium bombs.

The exhibition will continue during the whole of the National Week.

Norwegian Clergymen Resign "En Masse"

LONDON, April 7.

All clergymen throughout Norway have now handed in their resignation to the Quisling Ministry for Church and Education, according to a correspondent of the Swedish newspaper "Stockholm Tidningen" quoted by the Norwegian telegraph agency.—Reuter.

Delhi Editor Arrested

NEW DELHI, April 7.

Mukhtear Niazi, Editor and Mr Hamid ud-Din, Printer and Publisher of "Tej", vernacular daily was arrested to-day under Section 38 of the Defence of India Rules for publishing a sensational incorrect report on April 1. A security of Rs. 2,000 has been demanded from the paper.—United Press.

AUSTRALIAN DISCLOSURES

Light On Japanese Atrocities

SYDNEY, April 7.

An official report has reached Sydney giving details of the atrocities committed by the Japanese in New Britain and New Guinea. According to the report of three Australian survivors from a party of ten officers and about fifty men, who were captured by the Japanese near Gasmata, the men were lined up, hands tied behind them, and then bayonetted to death or shot. Each officer was given a revolver and one bullet and ordered to commit suicide. One survivor who escaped by shamming death said some men were sent to the jungle one by one with hands tied, accompanied by a Japanese soldier with a bayonet. The remaining men heard screams from the jungle and the Japanese returned alone. One man who attempted to escape was run through the back with a sword by a Japanese officer The survivors wandered in the bush for several days with bleeding wounds and hands pinioned, before they found an Australian patrol.—Reuter.

BRITISH PAPER'S WARNING

No Dominion Status Under Japanese Raj

LONDON, April 7.

The Japanese Prime Minister's threat to India of calamities unless the British are expelled forms the subject of a leader in "Daily Telegraph", which remarks that Indians will hardly fail to reflect that the absence of British or any other Foreign control of China did not save that country from Japanese invasion. The motive of the Japanese in urging Indians to get rid of the British can only be that a conquest of India might be made easier and more certain. Grinding tyranny is the single fate reserved for those unfortunate enough to succumb to Japanese domination. Ever since the annexation of their country by Japan in 1910, the Korean people have been victims of ruthless persecution aimed at obliterating every vestige or memory of their national consciousness. No Dominion Status with the right of secession is in prospect for the Koreans, Manchurians or any other people that has fallen beneath the Japanese yoke just as there is none for the Czech, Polish and other subjects of Hitler.

Perpetual serfdom is the destiny of all who enter the orbit of the Axis "New Order" and Japan has never concealed that whole of eastern and southern Asia belongs to her share of the orbit.—Reuter.

"INCIDENTS" WITH AXIS SUBMARINES

Two American Ships Evade Torpedo Attacks

NEW YORK, April 7.

A large Panamanian merchantman torpedoed in the Caribbean on March 8 and abandoned by her crew was afterwards boarded and taken to port under her own power. Eight of the crew of 50 which took to rafts were lost and some 20 others wounded, it was learned when survivors reached a gulf coast port.

The safe arrival at the port of the Panamanian ship was announced in a United States Navy Department "communique" which also stated that two United States ships had also made port "following incidents with enemy submarines at sea."

Both these ships evaded torpedo attacks and one of them came within 30 feet of running down her attacker.

It was disclosed to-day on arrival at a South Atlantic port of 57 survivors of the British freighter torpedoed in the West Indies waters that the submarine that attacked them was an Italian. When the submarine surfaced, it flew an Italian flag and the commander who hailed the seamen in English spoke with an Italian accent. One of the crew died from an heart attack during the sinking.—Reuter.

ANKARA, April 7.—Preliminary discussions are proceeding for a visit of the Turkish soccer team to Egypt to play return matches with British wanderers and other games.

AIR RAID ON ALEXANDRIA

Eight Killed And Thirty-Two Wounded

CAIRO, April 7.

A Ministry of the Interior "Communique" reporting an air-raid in Alexandria area last night says eight persons were killed and 32 wounded. Slight damage was caused to property.

The text of the Middle East War "Communique" says: "Patrol activity continued throughout the day yesterday. Nothing else to report".

R. A. F. RAID ON RUHR

LONDON: The text of an Air Ministry "Communique" on Tuesday says: "Last night our bombers attacked objectives in the Ruhr and the Rhineland. Five of our aircraft are missing.

In the raid on Sunday night April 5/6 one of our bombers destroyed an enemy fighter.

TWO SHIPS HIT

Yesterday morning aircraft of the Coastal Command attacked two medium-sized enemy supply ships off the Norwegian coast. Both are reported to have been hit, one by a torpedo and the other by bombs. One aircraft of Coastal Command is missing".

30 KILLED WHEN ITALIAN MUNITION EXPLODES.

Twenty-two Egyptian workers were killed and approximately eighty are missing as the result of an explosion at lighter wharf near Suez on April 5, when old Italian ammunition captured during operations was being unloaded. Eight British soldiers were also killed. There was no damage to buildings.

The headquarters of British troops in Egypt has announced that compensation will be paid to the dependents of the Egyptian workers.

BOMB EXPLOSION CUTS TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS

PRETORIA, April 7.

Telephone communication between Pretoria and Johannesburg was interrupted for several hours last night owing to a bomb explosion.

Inquiry shows a bomb had been placed beneath the underground pipe, where it emerged to cross the stream about ten miles from Pretoria. The explosion bent the pipe and snapped several wires. Communications were restored early on Tuesday morning.—Reuter.

U-Boat Ravages Decrease

WASHINGTON, April 7.

The Navy Secretary, Col. Knox, reported to-day that general U-Boat attacks on shipping along the Atlantic coast have dropped off considerably in the last week and the drop might be due to the protective methods recently enforced by the Navy.—Reuter.

EVACUATION OF ITALIAN CIVILIANS

Eleven Thousand From Abyssinia Affected

LONDON, April 7.

Two Italian liners at present in Gibraltar are there for the purpose of beginning evacuation of Italian civilians, who come from Abyssinia, it was stated authoritatively in London to-day. The scheme for evacuating distressed Italian civilians—men unfit for service, women and children—was the result of negotiations which took place some months ago. About 11,000 people are involved and the ships will take the first batch back to their own country. They will have to go via the Cape. More ships will be required to complete the evacuation and the operation is likely to last for some weeks.—Reuter.

Inventor Of Torpedo Plane Dead

NEW YORK, April 7.

Admiral B. A. Fiske, inventor of the torpedo plane and the Naval telescopic sight that have been adopted by all the navies of the world has died.

Admiral Fiske whose many other inventions included the electric magnetic system for exploding torpedoes under ships was mentioned by Admiral Dewey for heroic conduct at the Battle of Manila Bay in 1898.—Reuter.

BR. DESTROYER WRECKED.

LONDON, April 7.

The Admiralty announces that the destroyer "Havock" was wrecked off the Tunisian coast.—Reuter.

Why Should Americans Worry About Cripps' Plan?

U. S. Press Forgot India When Atlantic Charter Was Drawn Up

"We began the National Week yesterday, but unfortunately the day seems to have an added significance as it will go down in history as the first day on which the war came to India's shores" declared Mr. Ratilal Gandhi who presided over a meeting held to celebrate the National Week at Dana Bunder, Bombay, on Tuesday night. The meeting was convened by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

Adverting to the problem of India's freedom Mr. Ratilal Gandhi stated that Mahatma Gandhi had discovered a weapon to emancipate the country from bondage. It was the unique weapon of 'Ahimsa'. By adopting the non-violent method the country had achieved the impossible and to-day inspite of the difficulties created by the war India was on the verge of attaining its independence.

The speaker then stressed the need for every Indian to implement the constructive programme envisaged by the Congress.

WAR COMES TO INDIA.

Defining the origin and activities of the People's Volunteer Brigade the speaker referred to the bombing of Vizagapatam and Cocanada by Japanese aircraft on Monday and said that since that moment the situation had momentously changed as far as India was concerned.

It was now the duty of every citizen to join P. V. B.

He exhorted the people of Bombay not to become panicky. He also referred to the mission of Sir Stafford Cripps.

Mr. Sunderdas Morarji addressed the meeting next. He referred to the Jallianwalla Baug incidents and Cripps proposals. The speaker said that the British even at this eleventh hour were not prepared to part with power. He also criticised the American Press propaganda that the offer of the War Cabinet should be accepted by India.

Mr. Morarji said that when India was deliberately ignored when the Atlantic Charter was drawn up not a word was said either by the American Press, its spokesmen or President Roosevelt to allay the insult to India.

The speaker appealed to the public to join the P.V.B. 'en masse'.

CITY DOCTOR'S TRAGIC END

Dr. N. W. Kulkarni, an M D. of Bombay, residing on the 2nd Floor of Hirji Govindji Building, Nagpada, was found lying unconscious in his room at 4 a.m. on Tuesday.

He was removed to the J. J Hospital where he died at 10-30 a.m. The cause of death is stated to be paraldehoid poisoning.

Nazis Still In 'Intermediary' Stage

THAW IN RUSSIA RULES OUT LARGE-SCALE ACTIVITY AT PRESENT

LONDON, April 7.

Four hundred and fifteen German planes were destroyed on the eastern front last week—119 of them on Easter Sunday—according to the latest Soviet "Communique". In this period from March 29 to April 6 the Russians lost 84 aircraft. Although both the Soviet and Nazi armies are busy preparing for the spring offensive, fighting continues with unabated intensity and the Nazis are being given little respite in which to concentrate their forces before launching their supreme effort.

NAZI PLANS

Front line reports indicate that the Red Army is pressing particularly hard in the Leningrad sector. The end of the winter campaign was announced by the official German News Agency last night. The present operations, it was declared, have now entered a phase which may be described as "intermediary". During this phase the announcement explained that large-scale movements largely will be ruled out owing to thaw, which has now generally started.

The period will be used for "regrouping and concentration of forces in readiness for the start of the dry period". But the Red Army still pushes on.

NAZI CLAIM

A Nazi High Command spokesman last night admitted that the Russian forces which launched strong attacks in the sector southeast of Kharkov three days ago had succeeded in penetrating the German lines at one point. He claimed, however, that the breach was immediately filled and the Russians were driven back in a counter-attack. The spokesman also admitted Russian attacks on the Donetz front and in the Crimea. These he claimed were frustrated. Northeast of Orel, he added, a German infantry division had driven the Russians back over a water course.

SOVIET SUCCESSES ON KALININ FRONT

The text of the Soviet midday "Communique" on Tuesday states: "During the night of April 6 no substantial changes took place at the front".

"Our troops on a sector of the Kalinin front in one day cleared eleven inhabited localities of Fascist invaders. The enemy sustained heavy losses in man-power and war material", states a supplement to the Soviet "Communique" at midday to-day.

'On another sector of the Kalinin front one unit annihilated about one company of enemy infantry and destroyed 20 machine-guns and 25 blockhouses and firing points. In this engagement one of our heavy tanks crushed four German guns and seven machine-gun nests. On one sector of the central front the Germans in an attempt to retake an inhabited locality, occupied by our troops a few days ago, launched a counter-attack supported by tanks. Our men repulsed the enemy, put three German tanks out of action and captured five machine-guns."

FAMOUS WOMAN PILOT GETS 'ORDER OF LENIN'

KUIBYSHEV: One of Soviet Russia's most famous women pilots, Maj. Grizodubova, is now commander of a bomber unit, which has taken part in frequent raids over the German lines and far into the rear in actions against Nazi lines of communication. Maj. Grizodubova was awarded the title of Heroine of the Soviet Union and the Order of Lenin for a non-stop flight from Moscow to the Far East in 1938, when she established the world record for women.

At a press interview to-day she spoke of the employment of women as flyers in the Red Air Force. "A considerable number of Soviet women were qualified as pilots in peacetime and their skill was turned to good account when the war came. Scores like myself are now flying heavy war planes, although the majority of them are fighter pilots. Many more have been trained since the outbreak of the war and take active part in operations. Every woman in the Soviet Union considers it a personal honour to be able to take part in military activity and master some art of war."

Maj. Grizodubova is married and has a five-year-old son.

NEW POLICE ORDINANCE

Temporary Suspension Of Right To Resign On Short Notice

NEW DELHI, April 7.

Under the present law, policemen have the right to resign on short notice. Such a provision is reasonable in peacetime, but seems to the Government of India to be wholly inappropriate under war conditions. It takes a long time to train policemen and it is of vital importance to keep police forces at full strength at the present time.

The Governor-General has, therefore, promulgated an ordinance temporarily suspending this right. The Ordinance does not altogether take away the right to resign but merely gives the local police authorities, discretion to refuse to accept a resignation, should circumstances require such action.—A. P.

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

LEARN TO PUT OUT FIRE BOMBS

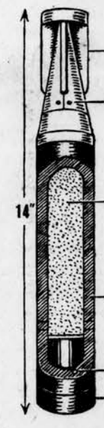
FIRE is the greatest danger to property in an attack. It is much easier to set dry Bombay ablaze than London. Houses are close together here, mostly built of wood, bricks and plaster. One aircraft can carry enough incendiary bombs to start 75 fires. Half an hour's shelling with incendiary shells would do the same. We cannot rely on normal fire precautions alone. Everything depends on citizens organising themselves to put out the burning missiles within a *few minutes after they fall.*

WHAT THE FIRE ENGINES CAN DO

Even if you live next door to a Fire Station, it would be hopeless to rely on the Bombay Fire Brigade or the Auxiliary Fire Service, which will double its capacity, to put out *all* the fire bombs. It takes at least several minutes for a fire engine to reach you, by which time most bombs will have started an immense blaze. Don't have the Fire Service called until you have done your best to put out the bombs first.

★ MAGNESIUM ★ BOMBS & SHELLS

All sorts of missiles are used to start fires. Among them is the 120 lb. Phosphorus Bomb which explodes when it hits and scatters burning pellets. But shells and the 2¼ lb. magnesium bombs of which each aircraft can carry 1,000 are also possible.



The magnesium bomb or shell ignites on contact and the whole of its casing melts within 10 minutes producing an intense heat. If allowed to burn it will throw off blazing metal up to 30 feet distance, and in any case the melted metal will run everywhere setting fire to any inflammable material it touches.

LEARN TO SMOTHER IT QUICKLY!

A.R.P. WARDEN'S POST

Published for information of the citizens of Bombay by the Government of Bombay.

CITY FIRE-WATCHERS AND FIRE-FIGHTING PARTIES

Volunteers will be trained in parties, based on fire-watchers each of whom keeps a look-out from house-top or upper floors over a few blocks of buildings at the most, and instantly directs his fire party below to the spot where the bomb or shell has fallen. With proper organization and sufficient volunteers, no bomb need be allowed to burn for more than 5 minutes, and so big fires can be reduced to the minimum with which the fire engines can deal.

But even this is not enough; quicker action on each bomb is safer.

EVERY MAN AND WOMAN MUST BE ABLE TO PUT OUT FIRE BOMBS.

It's easy to tackle the usual incendiary bomb or shell in the first few minutes after it falls. But you must learn how, and you must have extinguishing materials ready. As far as possible every floor in every house in Bombay should have, waiting for action:

At least 2 buckets of water, and at least 2 sandbags.

1 SMOTHERING THE BOMB:
As soon as you see the burning bomb, push the the sandbag squarely on top of it. This will confine its burning to whatever the bomb is touching as it lies. On a concrete or tile floor there is little more to do, if you catch the bomb within a minute or two of its arrival.

2 SOAK THE FIRE:
Any flames creeping from the sides of the sandbag must be put out with water. In any case wet the floor all round the sandbag—keep it soaked with more buckets of water, especially if the floor is of wood. Use your water to quench any fire which has caught at the surroundings.

DON'T ever put water directly on a fire bomb or shell—you would only make it blaze up more fiercely, splutter and shoot its molten blazing metal all over the room.

ASK YOUR WARDEN TO TEACH YOU HOW TO FIGHT FIRE BOMBS.

Meet him at the nearest Warden Post between 6.0 & 9.0 p.m. any evening.

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

UNIVERSITIES AND INDIAN AIR FORCE

CALCUTTA April 7.

For establishing cordial relations between the educational institutions in the country and the Indian Air Force, a special travelling recruiting board has been formed by the Government of India.

The members of the Board will visit the universities and other educational institutions in India where they will deliver lectures and show cinematograph films and, in addition, answer queries from intending candidates for the force among students.

The University of Calcutta have written to the authorities that they will afford every facility to the Board when they visit this province, and have suggested that the proposed tour may be undertaken after the summer holidays. A member of the Appointments and Information Board of the University will accompany the Board during their tour of Bengal.—A. P.

The B. B. & C. I. Railway team which won the Lewis Hockey Cup on Sunday by defeating the St. Xavier's by 3 goals.

PROTECT *yourself against* INFECTION

You never can tell what a neglected cut or a scratch may lead to. A quick dab or two of Enozone Hydrogen Peroxide instantly checks infection in cuts and abrasions. This wonderful antiseptic detects germs like lightning and destroys them with ruthless efficiency. Enozone can be used in a score of ways. Always keep a bottle handy for:—

- SORE THROAT
- EAR TROUBLE
- CHAFING AND SORENESS
- PIMPLES AND BOILS
- PERSONAL HYGIENE
- ETC.

ENOZONE
(HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)
SAFE · CLEAN · EFFICIENT

Income-Tax Reference

Assessee Ordered To Pay Costs

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania).

In the matter of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922

and

In the matter of the Income-tax and Super-tax assessments of Sir Homi Mehta for the year 1937-38

This was a Reference under Section 66 (2) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay, Sind and Baluchistan at the instance of the assessee, Sir Homi M. Mehta.

The assessee was assessed to income-tax and super-tax for the assessment year 1937-38 by the Income-tax Officer on a total income of Rs. 5,22,400 from dealing in shares, dividends, salary, interest on securities and on fixed deposits and from shares in various partnerships. In computing this income the Income-tax Officer included a sum of Rs. 96,537 being profits on the sale of shares worth Rs. 8,27,694, and he disallowed a payment of Rs. 3,28,645 made by the assessee on behalf of the British India General Insurance Co. of which he was the promoter and is at present the Chairman and Managing Director and in which he holds 25,000 shares out of a total of 1,00,000 shares. On behalf of the assessee it was contended (1) that the sum of Rs. 96,537 was capital appreciation and as such should not be included in his taxable income and (2) that the sum of Rs. 3,28,645 was expenditure incurred by him for the purpose of earning income from the British India General Insurance Co. and was therefore an admissible deduction.

Being dissatisfied with the Income-tax Officer's order the assessee appealed to the Appellate Assistant Commissioner who upheld the Income-tax Officer's decision. The assessee thereupon requested the Commissioner of Income-tax either to revise the assessment under Section 33 of the Act or to make a Reference to the High Court under Section 66 (2) thereof. The Commissioner of Income-tax, thereupon referred the following two questions of law for their Lordships' decision:—

(1). Whether in the circumstances of the case there was evidence before the Income-tax authorities on which they could come to the conclusion that the sum of Rs. 96,537, which has been included in the assessment, represented profits from trading in shares and not capital appreciation; and

(2). Whether in the circumstances of the case the sum of Rs. 3,28,645 paid by the assessee on behalf of the British India General Insurance Co. is expenditure allowable under Section 10 (2) (IX) or under the provisions of Section 7 or Section 12 (2) of the Act.

In argument, Counsel for the assessee gave up the first point. With regard to the second question Counsel for the assessee contended that Rs. 2,28,645 was paid "ex-fratia" by the assessee on behalf of the British India General Insurance Co. which was in financial difficulties towards a large claim made against it by a foreign company "The Re-Insurance Corporation Ltd.", and that if the assessee had not made such payment, the British India General Insurance Co. would have failed and the assessee would have lost (1) his capital invested in 25,000 shares of the company (2) his salary of Rs. 1,000 per month as Managing Director in addition to his Director's fees and (3) his business reputation and credit. It was therefore argued that this amount was "expenditure (not being in the nature of capital expenditure) incurred solely for the purpose of earning such profits or gains" and therefore exempted under the Indian Income-tax Act 1922 as it stood before its amendment in 1939 applicable to the case.

JUDGMENT.

Their Lordships held that this amount of Rs. 3,28,645 spent by the assessee essentially to preserve his [illegible] in relation to another company and not spent on his own business, was in the nature of capital expenditure which could not be exempted either under Section 10 (2) (ix) or under Section 12 (2). Mr. Justice Kania pointed out that Section 7 was not applicable to this case at all. Their Lordships therefore answered both the questions referred to them in accordance with the opinion of the Income-tax authorities,—the answer to the second question being in the negative, and ordered the assessee to pay the costs of this Reference.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga with Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the assessee.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with Mr. G. N. Joshi instructed by the Solicitor to the Central Government at Bombay, Mr. D. H. Nanavati, appeared for the Referror.

SUCCESSION TO KOLHAPUR 'GADI'

Senior Maharani To Adopt Infant Maharaja

NEW DELHI, April 7.

In the Press "communique" dated the 30th December 1941 the decision of the question of the succession to the Kolhapur Gadi was announced. Her Highness the Senior Maharani has now conveyed to His Excellency the Viceroy through the Resident at Kolhapur intimation of her intention to perform the adoption ceremony of the infant Maharaja on the 28th September 1942, which date has been selected by her, in accordance with astrological calculations, as being auspicious for the purpose.

An offer to declare Her Highness to be Regent of Kolhapur and President of Regency Council was recently made by His Excellency. At Her Highness own request, however this declaration is not being made pending receipt of a further communication expected from Her Highness relating to this offer.—A. P.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE CHAIRMANSHIP.

Dr. J. V. Vora, was elected Chairman of Improvements Committee on Tuesday in place of Dr. P. H. Mehesheri, whose term of office expired on the 31st March last.

Mr. K. G. Tambe presided before the election and as Dr. J. V. Vora was the only candidate for the chair, he was declared duly elected.

Dr. Vora after taking the chair thanked his colleagues for unanimously electing him to the chair and urged for their co-operation to solve many knotty problems connected with the city improvement schemes.

ROTARY CLUB ENTERTAINS BOMBAY SQUADRON.

The Rotary Club on Tuesday entertained to a lunch the members of the Bombay Squadron No. 1 of the Indian Air Force at the Green's Restaurant who have just returned for a brief visit to Bombay from Burma.

The Leader of the Squadron thanked the Club for their kind hospitality and Mr. J. R. D. Tata in proposing a vote of thanks expressed a hope that ere long India will have a number of Squadrons of the Indian Air Force for the defence of the country.

Control Of Prices Of Matches

The Central Government has controlled the retail prices of matches made in India.

Boxes or booklets containing on an average not more than 40 matches are not to be sold at more than 1-1/2 pice a box or booklet, while the prices of those containing more than 40 but not more than 50 matches should not exceed 2 pice a box or booklet.

A.-I. HARIJAN SEVAK SAGH MEETING.

NEW DELHI, April 5.

The 9th annual meeting of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh, which was to be held on April 14 and 15, 1942 at Wardha has been postponed to 28th and 29th April 1942 at Wardha in consultation with Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

CUTCHI PRAJA PARISHAD

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, April 6.

The Cutchi Prajakiya Parishad's Working Committee has decided to hold the seventh session in June here.

Mr. Gulab Shanker Dholakia presided. A Provisional Committee has been organised. The Committee congratulated the Parishad President, Mr. Y. J. Meherally on his elections as Mayor of Bombay.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES LTD.

Revenue From Energy Sales

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies, report that the revenue from energy sales (subject to adjustment) of the said Companies for the month of March 1942 and for nine months ended 31st March 1942 were as compared with the corresponding periods of the previous financial year:

	For the month of March 1941.
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 3,08,436
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 4,40,088
Tata Power Co., Ltd.	Rs 7,18,013
Total	Rs. 14,66,537

	For the month of March 1942
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 3,15,643
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 4,41,891
Tata Power Co., Ltd.	Rs. 7,05,896
Total	Rs. 14,63,430

	For financial year upto Mar. 31 1941
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd	Rs 26,98,989
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 37,49,688
Tata Power Co. Ltd.	Rs. 59,10,806
Total	Rs. 1,23,59,483

	For current financial year upto Mar 31 1942
Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 29,54,407
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 41,78,559
Tata Power Co., Ltd.	Rs. 69,30,602
Total	Rs. 1,40,63,568

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, April 7.

The Stock Exchange ruled quiet after the Easter holidays and only a limited business was put through during the day.

Following are final transactions up to 2 p.m.—

Government securities:—3 1/2 per cent, Government paper 87/12, five per cent loan 1945/55 104/14 small lot.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1348, Reserve Bank 90.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corpn. 2 Indian iron and steel 21/14, Steel Corpn. Ord 13/16, Pref 93 c.t.

Sugar share:—Murree Brewery 15 c.t.

Tea shares:—Central Cachar 71 c.t. Choonabbhutti 492 small lot c.t. Darjeeling tea and Chinchona 195 small lot c.t. Hantapara 446 small lot c.t. Manabarree 261 small lot c.t. Mothola 570 small c.t. Nagri farm 23/8 small lot c.t. Tezpore pref 14

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 7th April 1942. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,98,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-11-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-11-0 allotted approximately 58 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-3-7 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 14th April 1942. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 17th April 1942. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 3rd April 1942, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,62,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' Intermediates will be sold from 8th April 1942 to 13th April 1942 at Rs. 99-11-3 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months' Intermediates sold from 1st April 1942 to 6th April 1942 amounted to Rs. 67,50,000.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 6

	Dollars
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd ...	41
Electric Light and Power Pfd	22
American Telephone and Telegraph	118 1/2
Western Union Telegraph	27
New York Central R R	7 7/8
New York Central and Hudson River R R 5 per cent 2013	55
Union Pacific	72 1/2
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis 5 per cent Pfd	46
U. S. Steel	50 1/4
Crucible Steel	31
Bethlehem Steel	60
Texas Corporation	33 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	25 5/8
Int Nickel of Canada	26 5/8
Chrysler Motors	56
General Motors	35 1/4
Eaton Manufacturing	28
Sears Roebuck	50 3/8
Dupont de Nemours	114
Socony	7 1/8
National City Bank of N. Y.	22
Australia 5 per cent 1955	52

BOMBAY SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, April 7

Fine White Java per cwt:—
Ready from Bonds Rs. 19-8-0
Indian:—
Small grain Rs. 19-8-0 to 20-0-0
Large grain Rs. 20-0-0 to 20-10-0
Buland Rs. 20-11-0
Chinai Leesa Rs. 31-0-0
Bombay Group May delivery Rs. 14-9-0 per Bengal Maund.

DEFENCE RULES IN SATARA

(From Our Correspondent.)

SATARA, April 4.

Holding that "The Prosecution has failed" to establish the guilt of the accused beyond any "reasonable doubt" the Sessions Judge of Satara has acquitted Balkrishna Kashinath a Village School Master in Koregaon Taluka, on appeal, who was sentenced to two months imprisonment by the Sub Divisional Magistrate for making the alleged anti-recruiting speech, in a War Effort Meeting convened by Mistri Ganpati Shivdas, a recognised Recruit canvasser in February 1942.

Mr. S. V. Bhide, who argued the appeal laid stress on the contention that the lower court had failed to consider the interested nature of the complainant Mistri's evidence, who was according to the Defence offered a sum of Rs. 200/- for getting the accused transferred from the village on account of his alleged questionable morale.

Latest Commercial

JULY

New York April 7.

Previous closing	19.75
To-day's opening	19.82
Difference	+07
To-day's closing	not received

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York April 7.

Following are the New York opening ranges:

May (19.68/68) 19.65/65
July (19.86/85) 19.82/79
October (20.03/00) 19.97/96

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, April 7.

SEEDS

Castorseeds April/May (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 5/8 sellers
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta April/May (£20 nominal) £20 nominal.
Linseed La Plata April/May unquoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast April/May (East Coast India shipment not quoted. £20 West Coast India shipment) £20 sellers.

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES.

T.T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York April 7.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T.T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 7.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers
To day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers
To day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers

LONDON BULLION.

London, April 7.

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, April 7.

Spot 23 1/2d
Forward 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1 6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers: 1 5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 7.

The Stock Exchange was quiet but steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 2

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

General Motors unquoted
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 25 5/8
United States Steel Common dol 50 1/4
United States Steel Preference dol 114

3% PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, April 7.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 1/8

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

London, April 7.

5 per cent 1958/68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £83 3/16
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 1/4
2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 15/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 7/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 13/16
3 per cent War Loan £100 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds £113 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 34-9
Electric Music Industry 14-0
Princhin Johnson 21-9
Imperial Chemical 32-9
Unilever New Ordinary 50-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £76
Dundee 25-3
Unilever Ordinary 25-10 1/2
Ford Motors 24-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £52
British American Tobacco Ordinary £3 21/32
Carreas 'A' £5 1/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 3/16
P and O Defd 27-4 1/2
Distillers 74-6
Bredfords Dyes 7-1 1/2
British Celanese 6-6
J and P Coates 35-1 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 32-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 7-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-3
Inter Nickel dol 40 1/8
Indian Iron 33-9

TEA SHARES

Assam 11-3
Donaro Tea 21-0
Empire of India 11-6

JUTE

Barnagore £5 nominal

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 9-0
Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 12-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 16-3
Burma Corporation 3-6
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £1 7/8
Rand Mines £6 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown £8 3/4
Associated Portland Cement 44-7 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold 66-3 15/16
Sub-Nigel £5
Spring Mines Split Share £1
Union Corporation 128-9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 35-0
Anglo-India 36-3
Burma Oil £1 1/2
Mexican Eagle 12-6
Shell Transport £1 15/16
Royal Dutch £14

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £41 1/4
London Midland Ordinary £17 7/8
London North Eastern Defd £1 6/8
London Southern Defd £14 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent £130 1/2
London Transport "C" £40

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay April 7

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 125 28 121 35 120 32 119 49-56 118
Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 104 24 103 28 103 35 93 42 91 49-56 90-91
Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 75 Rosita Rs. 72 Country make Rs. 59 Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 31 per cwt.
Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 84/8 per qr.

SETTLEMENT RATES

Copper sheets Ashad Rs. 118
Market tone: Weak.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay April 7

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 8 12 9
Copper sheets	Rs. 119 0 0

Tone:—Steady.

"Which is the best remedy for Wasting Diseases?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

Angier's Emulsion is widely and successfully used in the treatment of consumption and in all forms of ill-health in which there is loss of weight. Pleasant to take, it promotes appetite, aids digestion and builds up weight and strength.

In addition to its tonic properties, Angier's Emulsion exerts a pronounced soothing, healing action which makes it invaluable for inflammatory and catarrhal affections of the lungs or digestive organs. Angier's Emulsion is strongly recommended for consumption, scrofula, rickets, anæmia, and wasting bowel disorders. If you are run-down, nervous, depressed or convalescent after a serious illness, it is of paramount importance to take a tonic restorative that is recommended by the Medical Profession for building up health, strength and mental vigour. Angier's Emulsion has been such a remedy for over 40 years. Safe, reliable and efficient, it provides a true health-restoring treatment. It has won a splendid reputation throughout India.

The Most Palatable of all Emulsions.

A Doctor writes:—"I may say that Angier's Emulsion is not new to me. I was prescribing it freely 30 years ago when several pulmonary cases were under my care, and I still recommend it."

(Signed)——M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and is its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

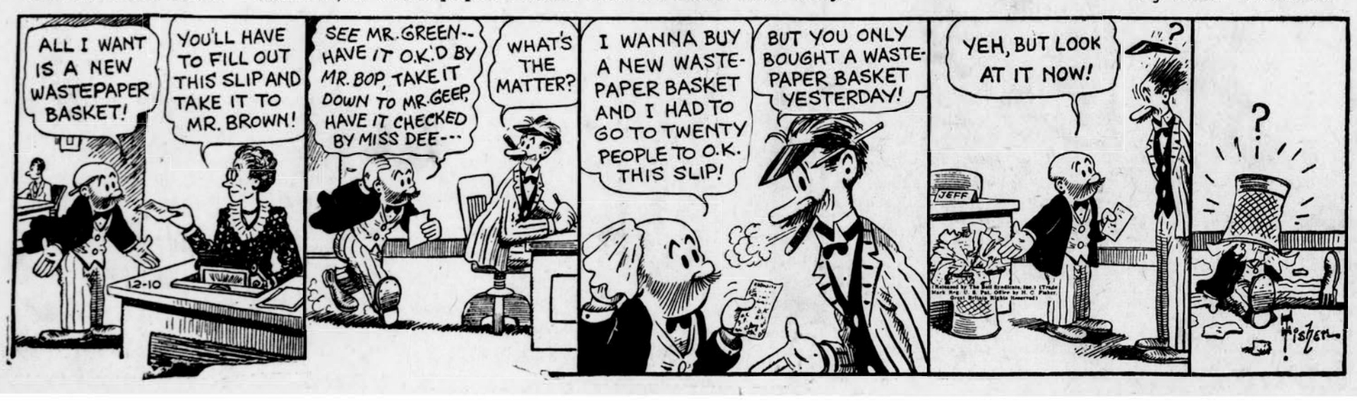
COUGH, ALTHOUGH A MINOR AILMENT IN THE BEGINNING, IS VERY DANGEROUS . . . . .

SIROLIN ROCHE

The original THIOCOL *syrup*

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDY AGAINST COUGH AND ALL CHEST TROUBLES.

MUTT AND JEFF—You See, a Wastepaper Basket Can Be Used Two Ways — By BUD FISHER


ALL I WANT IS A NEW WASTEPAPER BASKET!
YOU'LL HAVE TO FILL OUT THIS SLIP AND TAKE IT TO MR. BROWN!
SEE MR. GREEN--HAVE IT O.K.'D BY MR. BOP, TAKE IT DOWN TO MR. GEEP, HAVE IT CHECKED BY MISS DEE---
WHAT'S THE MATTER?
I WANNA BUY A NEW WASTE-PAPER BASKET AND I HAD TO GO TO TWENTY PEOPLE TO O.K. THIS SLIP!
BUT YOU ONLY BOUGHT A WASTE-PAPER BASKET YESTERDAY!
YEH, BUT LOOK AT IT NOW!
JEFF
?
?
Fisher

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, April 7

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	Rs.	41	7 0
Highest		41	10 0
Lowest		41	2 0
Closing		41	9 0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening		41	2 0
Highest		41	7 0
Lowest		41	1 0
Closing		41	7 0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening		24	10 0
Highest		24	13 0
Lowest		24	9 0
Closing		24	12 6

BOMBAY PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, April 7

The local seeds market was influenced by war news. Groundnuts May opened at Rs. 41/8 and after declining to Rs. 41/2 rallied to Rs. 41/4. Castorseeds May opened at Rs. 41 and steadied at Rs. 41/4. Cottonseeds May opened at Rs. 24/10 and after improving to Rs. 24/12 declined to Rs. 24/9. Linseed May opened at Rs. 8/11/9 and after hardening to Rs. 8/12 declined to Rs. 8/11/6. Wheat May opened at Rs. 7/8/6 and eased off to Rs. 8/7/3. Ready groundnuts were bought by local Mills at Rs. 40/12 on Bazar terms. Ready linseed business was reported at Rs. 8/8. Wheat Delhi Picci was quoted at Rs. 5/12 and Karachi Bangla was quoted at Rs. 10. Tone was hesitant.

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Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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Why Not SLIM and Improve Your HEALTH

YOU can be healthy and gracefully slim without starvation diet or violent exercises if you follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

Bile Beans make you feel better in yourself the following day. Soon you will notice a difference in your weight. So, if you want a figure everyone admires, "Slim Whilst You Sleep" with the aid of Bile Beans.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all fat-forming residue; thus improving your health and making your figure attractive.

BILE BEANS

IMPROVE YOUR HEALTH AND FIGURE

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—Price ONE RUPEE a Bottle

IN 1826...

The Choice of our Ancestors

HUNTLEY & PALMERS *famous* BISCUITS

will be the choice of the Future

SHIPMENTS WILL BE RESUMED WHEN WAR CONDITIONS PERMIT.

HEAVY DROP IN TATA STEEL SHARES

MILL SHARES ASSUME SAGGING TENDENCY

Scattered Support Towards Close

Bombay, April 7

The local share bazar re-opened to-day and prices recorded sharp declines. There was considerable selling pressure but low levels induced scattered support and quotations recovered on the belief that the decline was overdone. The market outlook is not encouraging and investors are holding aloof. Trading remains restricted and price movements were irregular. The market being narrow, it is easily effected and price change contains wide

Wall Street being improved on Monday slowly after early hesitation with more active bidding for Steels, Motors and certain high grade stocks and gains ran into more than a point. Portions of war and business news were interpreted favourably. U. S. Steel shares closed 3/4 up at 50 1/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares gained 1/8 at 25 5/8 and General Motors closed 5/8 higher at 35 1/4 dollars.

In the local market, Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs 1050 and declined to Rs. 1000 but later improved to Rs 1070. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 206 and fluctuated between Rs 205 and Rs. 210 and steadied at Rs. 206. Bombay Dyeing shares were quoted at Rs. 1097. Century shares were placed at Rs 365. Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 410. Nagpurs came in business at Rs. 35. Bombay Burmas were placed at Rs 190 and Associated Cement after touching Rs. 151 hardened to Rs. 153. Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 17/2 and Bellapurs were quoted at Rs. 217. The market was thin with uncertain feeling.

Cash quotations were as under:—

Bombay Dyeing Rs. 1090; Nagpur 305; Century 372; Colaba 148; Finlay 183; Gokak 230; I. Bleaching 145; Kohinoor 410; Morarji 430; New Great 237/8; Phoenix 325; Simplex 145; Swadeshi 345; Tram 125; Hydro 150; Power 1352; Cement 155; Burma 200; Steamer 316; Tata Steel Ord 204; Tata Steel Defd Rs. 1090.

TEXTILES

Bombay, April 6

100	Ahmedabad Advance	298	12
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1015	0
100	CENTURY	370	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	330	0
100	Colaba X.D.	151	8
100	Coorla	120	0
250	Dawn	627	0
250	David	300	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	2	2
100	FINLAY	190	0
100	GOKAK	242	0
1000	Hindustan	2282	8
100	Indore	225	0
100	Khatau	225	0
100	KOHINOOR X.D.	420	0
250	LAXMI	640	0
100	Madhusudan	320	0
100	MORARJI	470	0
250	Model	203	12
50	MYSORE	125	0
200	NEW GREAT X.D.	240	0
100	Podar X.D.	185	0
100	Phoenix	385	0
25	Sassoon Silk	81	0
1000	Sholapur	5225	0
50	SIMPLEX	150	0
100	SWADESHI	355	0
100	SWAN	180	0
600	Vishnu	1470	0
1000	Western	1550	0
	BANKS		
50-100	Baroda X.D.	103	0
25-50	Central India X.D.	38	8
500	Imperial	1390	0
125-500	Imp. Cont.	341	0
50-100	India X. D.	129	8
100	Reserve Bank	95	0
5	Union X.D.	5	12
	CEMENTS		
100	ASSOCIATED X.D.	152	0
	INSURANCE		
15-75	New India	39	8
100	Empire	700	0
15-100	Jupiter	13	4
20	Mercantile	60	0
200	Oriental	3450	0
10-50	Vulcan	8	0
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ahmedabad Old X.D.	164	5
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1510	0
10	Ajmer	12	15
50	BOMBAY TRAMS	129	0
100	Bombay Suburban	170	0
10	Broach	13	6
100	Karachi	200	0
100	Poona	217	0
100	Surat	167	8
100	TATA HYDRO	153	0
1000	TATA POWER	1320	0
	RAILWAYS		
500	Ahmedabad Prantij X.D.	865	0
100	C. Province	104	0
100	Dhond Baramati	104	4
100	Gujarat	102	0
100	Mandra Bhon	100	0
100	Prachora Jamner	92	8
100	Sara Sirajganj	95	8
500	Tapti Valley X. D.	617	8
	MININGS		
9	Burma Corporation	1	11
8sh.	Indian Copper	1	8
10	Indian Iron and Steel	21	0
30	SHIVRAJPUR	30	8
10	Mukund Iron	13	15
40	TATA STEEL DEFD.	1210	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	225	0
10	Steel Corporation	13	0
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	ALCOCK	425	0
10	Air Services	3	0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	220	8
200	Bombay Safe Deposit	650	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	316	0
100	B. BURMA	215	0
50	Contributory	60	0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	1	2 3
100	IND. BLEACHING	140	0

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, April 6

2 3/4	per cent 1948-52 93
3 1/2	per cent G. P. Notes 88/2
3	per cent 1951/54 Loan 94/1
3	per cent 1949/52 Loan 95/4
4	per cent 1960/70 Loan 103
4	per cent 1945 Bonds 101/14
3	per cent War Bonds 98
3 1/2	per cent 1947/50 Loan 97/14
4 1/2	per cent 1955 Loan 107/8
	TAX FREE LOANS
5	per cent 1948/55 Loan 106/2
4	per cent 1953/63 Mysore 110
5	per cent 1955 Mysore 120 N
	CORPORATION DEBENTURES
4	per cent B P T 1947 98
4	per cent M Deb 1947 101
5	per cent M Deb 1949 109
5	per cent M Deb 1954 120
5	per cent K P T 1956 115

Tone:—Steady

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, April 7

LONDON

Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Three months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Four months
B. C Rates:—T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32: D D 1/6 5/32

NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4: D D Rs. 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2: D D Rs. 326 1/2

MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2: D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4: D D Rs. 293 3/4

BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4: D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2: D D nil.

STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123: D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128: D D K 128

MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27: D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04: D D Rs. 62.04

LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal: D D Esc 7.35 nominal
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55: D D Esc 7.55

AUSTRALIA:—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8: D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil: D D 1/11 3/8

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready: 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
1 and 2 months 3/4 per cent.
3 to 5 months 1 per cent
6 to 9 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, April 7

The market opened very low and prices subsequently steadied up a little. Tata Deferreds which closed previously at 1185, opened at 1025 and eased off to 1005. Later, however, they improved to 1075. Tata Ordinaries similarly opened lower at 208 and after moving around that rate, finished at 207. Bombay Dyeings were marked down to 1030 x.d. Indian Irons were also lower at 21/2.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1185) 1025 1040 1005 1065 1050 1075.

Tata Ordinaries (232) 208 205 208 206 207

Tata Ordinary 207; Tata Deferred 1075; Indian Iron 21/2; Steel Corpn of Bengal 13/4; Bombay Dyeing X.D. 1030; Central India 310; Century 367/8; Gokak 228/12; Kohinoor 405; Simplex 150; Andhra Valley 1430; Tata Hydro 146/14; Tata Power 1265; Associated Cement 152/8; Belapur 215; Bombay Burma (old) 195.

80	Ind. Invest. Trust X.D.	45	8
100	Indian Radio Def	360	0
100	Indian Radio Ord	340	0
100	Port Canning	72	0
30	PREMIER CONSTRUCTION	107	0
15	Scindia	17	0
24	Tata Oil	41	0
24	Tata Chemical	12	12
100	Wimco	192	8
	PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1502	0
6	p.c. Bom. Steam	317	8
7	p.c. Bom Tram. (T.F.) X.D.	75	0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	665	0
6	1/4 p.c Premier Const 1st	112	0
6	1/4 p.c. Premier Const. 2nd X.D.	106	0
7	p.c Tata Hydro	147	8
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1523	12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	180	0
7	1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd	100	0
7	p.c Vishnu	715	0
	DEBENTURES		
4	p.c. Andhra Valley Deb	100	0
4	p.c Bom Telephone	48	0
5	p.c Morarji	103	6
5	p.c. Sholapur	71	8
4	p.c Tata Power Deb.	105	8

GOOD SUPPORT ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

TRADE AND SPECULATIVE BUYING

Moderate Realising And Hedging

Bombay, April 7

On Monday, the New York cotton market was very steady on persistent trade and speculative buying but the rise to new high levels attracted moderate realising and hedging. The tone of the market at the close was barely steady.

NEW YORK MARKET

Cotton touched a new high level on active trade, mill and Wall Street buying stimulated by heavy mill activity strong Southern spot basis and establishment of forty cents as minimum textile wage. Advance above twenty cents for October attracted profit-taking and selling in anticipation of increased hedging but reactions disclosed a good underlying demand. Finally local realising appeared and the session closed barely steady.

At the opening July was 11 points up at 19.86 and rose to 19.95 which was the highest level for the day. Later on prices declined on profit-taking and hedge selling and July was quoted 19.75 which was the lowest level for the day. The market closed at a decline of one point to a rise of 5 points. Spot cotton quotation was unchanged at 21.35c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quietly steady and closed at a rise of 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined one point at 20.27c per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Yesterday, cotton opened weak and sagged further on overnight's Ceylon news. Liquidation in May Broach contract was offset by moderate buying by spot interests. The sentiment was more confused but equally divided. Lack of inspiring war reports and the war on the Indian soil gave no confidence to fresh buyers, though it was said that any compromise by Britain and acceptance by Indian National Congress may retrieve the position. So far the prolonged negotiations in Delhi give rise to hope of workable compromise but everything remains in the lap of Providence. According to press reports the result is expected to be known either to-day or tomorrow, the earliest, state Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co.

The cotton contract market has become too thin and narrow as total outstanding contracts are estimated about 3 lacs bales and in May Broach contract too, the open interest is relatively small. Furthermore the comparative steadiness of Oomra and Bengal and the readjustment in parities between them and Broach do not induce the professionals "to fog the dead horse". With the exception of gold and silver, which flared up yesterday, all other markets reacted on war reports.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (10-7 a.m.) ..... 19.96+20
New York July lowest (3 p.m.) 19.75

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market very steady on good trade and speculative buying.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 6

May	19.57—01
July	19.75
October	19.92+01
December	19.98+05
January	20.00+06
March	20.08+.05
Middling Spot	21.33

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 6

May	19.62
July	19.81+04
October	20.16+03
December	20.20+03
January	20.21+03
March	20.31+04
Middling Spot	20.27—01

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

New York, April 6

May	19.76
July	19.96
October	20.04

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 7

Following unchanged, New York advices, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 175 for Broach J/A delivery but the market was easy under war news and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 151/8 and J/A was placed at Rs. 171/8. There was less inclination to operate but the decline induced scattered covering and prices tended to be steady at Rs. 172. Price fluctuations were narrow and the market outlook still remains uncertain.

Thereafter prices declined to Rs. 171/4 but again hardened to Rs. 172/12. The market was quiet and finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs	150	12 0
BROACH July/August		171	4 0
OOMRA May		135	4 0
OOMRA July		147	0 0
BENGAL May		124	8 0
BENGAL July		130	0 0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, April 7.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F. Good	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U. P.	125	122	119	116
Punjab	126	122	119	116
Rajputana	131	128	125	122
Oomra No. 3	139	130	133	130
C. P. No. 1	173	170	167	164
C. P. No. 2	152	149	146	143
Punjab-Ameri	228	225	222	219
Surat	287	284	281	278
Rajpipla	287	278	275	272
Navsari	288	285	282	279

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 7.

	Old.	Ready.
Bengal Fine	112/15	124/27
Berar	114/17	134/37
C. P. 1	120/22	104/66
C. P. 2	117/20	142/44
Khandesh	92/98	117/20
Muglai	100/10	122/24
Broach	100/6	132/53
Broach Low	90/95	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, April 7.

In full-pressed Bales.	2 days	Since 1st September. This year	Last year.
Khandesh		75,650	94,336
Central India z		29,596	128,070
Barsi and Nagar	97	49,248	100,562
Hyderabad/Gaorani		11,952	35,905
Berar		272,939	335,365
Central Provinces		82,479.	76 618
Total Oomras	97	412,864	764,846
Dholera		30,304	66,689
N.-W. Province		1,021	1,992
Rajputana		378	5,151
Sind-Punjab	1,899	380,168	446,460
Broach	103	292,190	109,170
Coompta and Dharwar	50	8,367	43,109
Westerns-Northerns		8,456	48,080
Coconada			239
Tinnevelly and Combodia		9,395	1,456
Total	2,149	1,234,622	1,479,402
Arr. by road to 2nd April 42		90,500	263,133

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, April 7.

Wheat May	0	4	3
Linseed May	0	4	0
Gr. Nut May	2	0	0
Cast. seed May	2	4	0
Cotton seed May	1	0	0

COTTON PARITY

Broach April/May below New York May 1,38 cent points at 331

Broach July/August below New York July 1,298 cent points at 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 6

Broach April/May highest 157 1/4 lowest 155 1/2 closing 155 1/2

Broach July/August highest 177 1/2 lowest 175 closing 175 3/4

Oomra May highest 138 lowest 136 closing 136 1/2

Oomra July highest 149 lowest 147 closing 148.

Bengal May highest 124 (nominal) lowest 122 (nominal) closing unquoted

Bengal July highest 130 lowest 128 closing 129 1/2

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 7

Yesterday London gold and silver markets were closed. New York spot silver was unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London-Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 52-10-3. The local market was firm on war news. To-day there was active buying on the market but later on prices sagged under realising. Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	51	14 0
Chaitra		51	8 0
Vaishakh		51	9 0
Sovereigns		38	12 0

SILVER

Ready		86	8 0
Chaitra		80	14 0
Vaishakh		82	4 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bomby, April 7.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. Apr. 173; June 172
Yarn No. 10 1/2s. Apr. 208; June 207
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. Apr. 285; June 278
Yarn No. 40 Apr. 425; June 420
Quotation for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40 are nominal.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay April 7

Linseed May	Rs.	8	12 9
Wheat May		7	7 9

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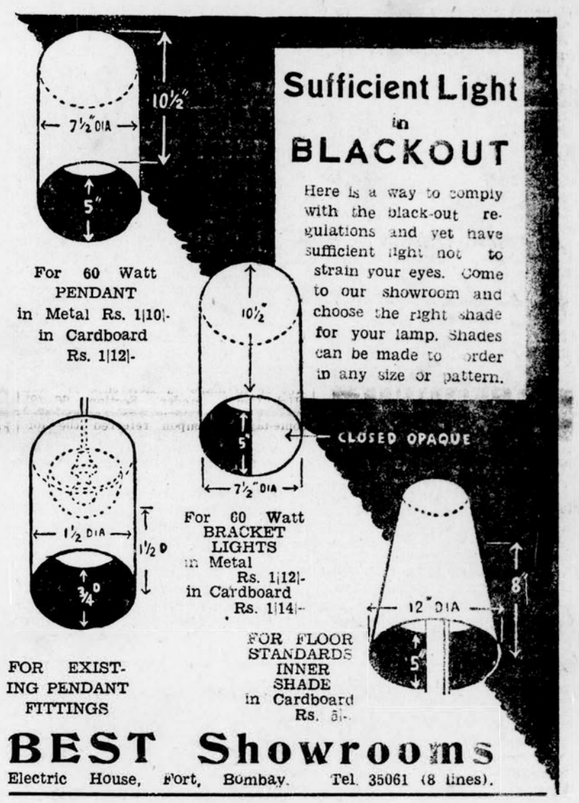

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Travesty Of Indian Self-Determination

Nationalist League Cabinet's Memorandum On Cripps Proposals

NEW DELHI, April 6.

The Working Committee of the All-India Nationalist League after a discussion lasting eight hours on the Cripps Proposals adopted a memorandum to be presented to Sir Stafford Cripps.

The Committee welcome the unequivocal declaration made regarding the future status of India. It embodies all the essentials of a free and independent country with the option of remaining a member and an equal partner with the other members of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

The Committee however, strongly object to the description of the future Indian State as a new Indian Union. India is not a union but a single territorial unit with a uniform historical and cultural background. In framing the future constitution of India that fact of National Unity should be the only basis, that unity is a reality to start with and not an aspiration to be achieved hereafter is possible.

NO SELF-DETERMINATION

Dealing with the right of provinces to join the Indian Union the Committee say that the various provinces are assumed to be natural territorial units entitled to the right of self-determination but India as a whole is denied such right in advance, and as a matter of fact the British War Cabinet is trying to impose on this country its own views on the question of Indian Unity. Indian disunity is the starting point in this proviso when quite contrary is the fact. India as a whole is not allowed to self-determine but it is left to the administrative provinces to decide whether they are part or parcel of India or not, and they are openly encouraged to believe that they have only to say no and they will be free to remain outside the Indian Union. This is a travesty of Indian self-determination and has given rise to profound misgiving in the minds of the Indian Nationalists regarding the 'bona fides' of the British War Cabinet in making such an offer to this country.

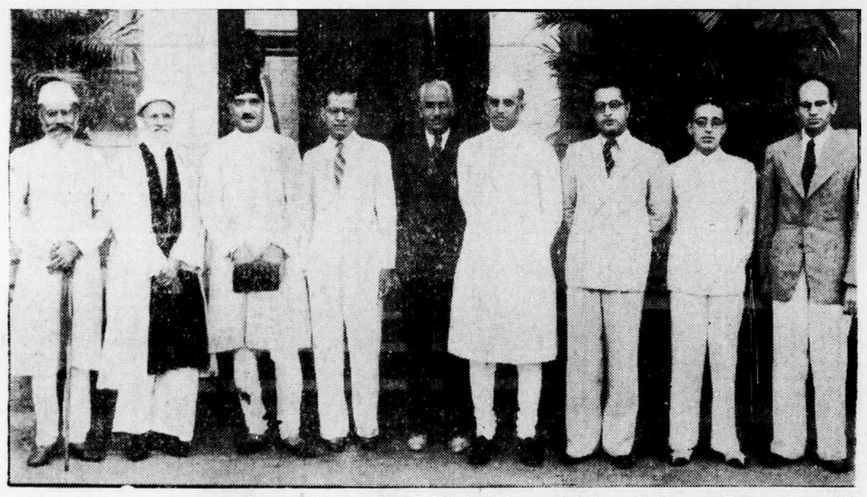
'PERFECT MAKE BELIEVE'

The vaunted principle of self-determination is, therefore, a perfect make-believe and the scheme stands out as an ill-concealed attempt to pander to communal and religious intolerance at the expense of the Unity of India.

The Committee declare that the new proposals are the same for all practical purposes as the Declaration of August 1940. Their camouflaging under the mask of self-determination is so transparent, that no Nationalist will be taken in. They give a wholly false impression of being based on the principle of self-determination and virtually concede the fantastic doctrine of "pakistan", which under no circumstance will this country prepared to tolerate.

The Committee emphasise the one glaring omission i. e. the failure to provide for the people of the Indian States, in the scheme of self-government and assert that it has the dubious merit of turning administrative divisions in India into independent provinces on the one hand and of planning on the other, 120 million States people for all time into a position not far removed from semi-slavery. The All-India Nationalist League regrets that the scheme as it stands to-day is unacceptable.

As for defence control, the Committee suggest that the principle of an Indian being in charge of the Defence portfolio must be accepted without reservation and as a matter of principle. It realise that the Allied front in this war is one and united, and once our national sentiment is respected by vesting the defence portfolio in an Indian, the country would be prepared during the currency of the war to agree that the actual control may remain in the hands of His Majesty's Government if simultaneously, a representative of the Indian Government is to represent on the Imperial War Cabinet as a full member.—A.P.



"Iqbal Day" was celebrated at a public meeting held at Anjuman-e-Islam Hall on Sunday when addresses on the Poet and his works were delivered by a number of speakers. A group photo taken on the occasion.

Cripps Must Invite President Of States League

ALLAHABAD, April 6.

The second session of the All-India States Muslim League concluded tonight after adopting many resolutions Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung presided. Many All-India Muslim League leaders were also present.

The main resolution emphasised that the All-India States Muslim League alone could represent the case of the Muslim subjects of Indian States in any scheme of constitutional adjustment.

Mr. Mahmood Shareef of Mysore proposed the resolution which was supported by many others. The speakers said that Sir Stafford Cripps should invite the President of the All India States Muslim League who alone represented Muslim subjects of the Indian States and not Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. The resolution was adopted amidst enthusiastic scenes.

The resolutions on various Indian States Mysore, Indore, Dhar, Kapurthala and Palanpur, were proposed by the chair. The Nawab explained the condition of Muslim subjects of the Hindu States and also in some Muslim States where even the basic rights of citizenship, he said, were denied to Muslims.—A.P.

UNDOING OF GREAT TRUST IMPOSED ON BRITAIN

DEHRA DUN, April 6.

If tragic defeats of our way of life were to be redeemed, ideals of Truth and Love must become a living reality, said Sir S. Radhakrishnan, addressing the Convocation of the Gurukul University, Kangri, yesterday.

Latterly, he said militaristic patriotism had been pursued as an ideal in some countries within the educational institutions there. In India, however, continued Sir Radhakrishnan, different ideals prevailed and he exhorted the students to conform to the ideals of Service and Love which alone could save them in times of catastrophy and tyranny.

Referring to the proposals brought by Sir Stafford Cripps, he said that the weakest part of the proposals, satisfactory in some directions, was in encouragement which they gave to dismemberment of India. He opined that it would be undoing of the great trust imposed on Britain, namely, the development of an independent and strong United India. The work of over 150 years will be destroyed, he said, if such disintegration was encouraged.

The Convocation was attended by about 5,000 people, prominent among them being Mr. Sri Prakasa, Pandit Neki Ram Sharma, Prof. Indra and Goswami Ganesh Dutt.

Sir Radhakrishnan was given a rousing reception at the station wherefrom he drove to the Gurukul University in a decorated bullock cart.—A.P.

War Effort Will Be Forgotten

NEW DELHI, April 7.

Dr. B. S. Moonje, Vice-President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has sent the following cable to England and America:

"British and American comments on the Indian reception to the Cripps proposals lack realistic appreciation of the Indian Political situation. The Cripps proposals regarding grant of independence and Dominion Status are acceptable but they also provide for partition of India, which in practical effect, is bound to be on religious and communal considerations leading to the rise of several Ulsters and consequent communal strife and even civil war.

They thus destroy India's political and constitutional integrity and solidarity and bring about mutually warring Balkanisation of the country.

If the Cripps scheme is allowed to stand without elimination of such objectionable part, it is bound to prevent development of complete national oneness and national unity, which has always been the cherished goal of Indian nationalists as also the professed aim of British rule in India.

Peoples' attention will exclusively be diverted to the internal communal quarrels and vital importance of participation in the war efforts absolutely forgotten, though from the very commencement of the war, the Hindu Mahasabha was the one organisation earnestly propagating Defence of India.—United Press.

Move To Organise Anti-Pakistan Conference

AMRITSAR, April 6.

A Conference of Hindu and Sikh leaders attended among others by Dr. B. S. Moonje, Raja Narendra Nath, Master Tara Singh, Sardar Santokh Singh and Giani Kartar Singh, M. L. A., was held this evening. Captain Keshap Chandra President of the Local Sabha presided.

After speeches vehemently opposing the Pakistan Scheme and Sir Stafford Cripps' proposals, the Conference adopted a resolution authorising Master Tara Singh and Captain Keshap Chandra to organise an Anti-Pakistan Coference here in May next.

PLEA FOR UNITED FRONT

Although the policy and programme of the Forward Bloc is different from the Congress, yet it is one with country's ideal of complete independence. Sir Stafford Cripps' proposals are unacceptable to the nation as they fall short of its aspirations and ideals", said Mr. R. S. Ruikar, President of the All-India Forward Bloc presiding over a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Forward Bloc at Chowpatty on Sunday evening.

Continuing Mr. Ruikar said that no patriot would like to see the motherland broken into pieces as contemplated in the proposals. Only free India could decide its attitude towards the present war said the speaker and remarked that any compromise if made on the basis of Sir Stafford Cripps' proposals would prove suicidal for the country. He appealed to all the nationalist organizations in India to present a united front to achieve "Purna Swaraj".

Mr. M. L. Shah proposed a resolution expressing that no compromise should be made with the Government which would involve the country into unnecessary hardship. The resolution was passed.

Another resolution passed at the meeting congratulated Mr. Yusuf Meherally on his election as the Mayor of Bombay.

BRITAIN ANXIOUS OVER CRIPPS ISSUE, SAYS BARTLETT

LONDON, April 3.

Writes Vernon Bartlett in the "News Chronicle."

The one topic of discussion which for the moment assumes the first place in London is the new British plan for India which was revealed by Sir Stafford Cripps in New Delhi.

There can be few people in Britain or other parts of the British Commonwealth who do not most earnestly hope that (India's) decision will be for acceptance.

Few things would please the people of Britain more than to feel that the peoples of India were wholeheartedly and unitedly with them and with the peoples of all Allies, in the common struggle for freedom.

In not a line of the proposals which Sir Stafford Cripps has taken to India can be found any anxiety to protect any purely selfish interest of Great Britain in India. India has been promised complete freedom, and at a definite date. The precise means by which that freedom is to be attained are clearly set out. The decision now must rest with the Indian people.

(Continued From Col. 6)

the Governor-General the Liberal Federation Council would suggest that the Governor-General's Council should be nationalised, so that by conventions in near future, the Governor-General may assume the position of a constitutional head of his Government."

LIBERALS' REPLY TO CRIPPS

Demand For Appointment Of Indian Defence Member

The Hon. Secretary, Liberal Federation, writes:—

Sir Bijoy Prasad Singh Roy, President of the Liberal Federation of India, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Mr. Naushir Bharucha, Honorary Secretary of the Federation saw Sir Stafford Cripps on April 2, and communicated to him the following views of the Liberal Federation on the draft declaration.

"The Council of the Liberala Federation has very carefully examined the draft declaration brought by Sir Stafford Cripps. It welcomes the proposals to make India a self-governing Dominion with the same status and functions as are enjoyed by Great Britain and other members of the Common wealth. On examination of the different heads of the proposals the Council feels that the provision giving liberty to any Province not to accede to the Indian Union is fraught with serious difficulties and dangers. The creation of more than one Federal Union in India, having their own separate armies, may result, in certain conceivable circumstances in a conflict between them. It would almost immediately lead to customs barriers, and complicated questions about Ports, Railways, existing Public Debt, etc., would arise. Moreover, the weakness of the military organisation of the one or the other of the different Unions will seriously impair the safety and defence of India as a whole.

MENACE TO INDIAN UNITY.

The Council further feels that communal feelings would be further exacerbated in the course of carrying out the process of arriving at a decision about accession or non-accession. All these and other considerations, and the serious dangers and difficulties should be fully considered before His Majesty's Government finally decide to implement these proposals. The Council has always been of the view that the interests of different communities should be adequately safeguarded and that the different communities should have proper voice in the Governance of the country. But the proposals now made go far beyond the necessities of the case and will seriously affect not only the unity and solidarity of India but her stature and influence in the Commonwealth of Nations.

One of the effects of the proposals is that the question whether a Province accedes to the Union or not will in the last resort be determined by a plebiscite unless 60 per cent. of the lower House of the legislature vote for accession. The plebiscite vote is to be determined by a bare majority. The Council feels that the decision of such a momentous question should not be concluded by a bare majority but that some minimum percentage, say at least 55 per cent should be prescribed. The Council also sees no reason why women who are entitled to vote for the elections to the legislatures, and can be and are members of the legislature should be denied a vote in the plebiscite.

With regard to the representation of the Indian States on the constitution-making body, the Council urges that the people of the States should be given a voice in the selection of the representatives of the States on this body.

DEFENCE MEMBER.

On the subject of Defence, the representation of India on the War Cabinet and the Pacific War Council is satisfactory so far as it goes. But this should not stand in the way of the appointment of an Indian as a Defence Member. Such an appointment will have a tremendous effect in producing the necessary psychological reaction which will bring the Indian people whole-heartedly in the War effort. The Council of the Liberal Federation would also urge the British Government to appreciate the fact that totalitarian aggression involves totalitarian defence and that a total War cannot be won unless the Indian nation as a united political entity, throws itself into this War heart and soul.

Malaya, Singapore and Rangoon serve as grave warnings as to how even in modern warfare technical skill alone, without the spontaneous support of the millions on the 'home front', can achieve little on the military front. It is the considered opinion of the Council that full co-operation of the Indian people will not be secured in the War effort unless an Indian Defence Member is appointed.

With regard to the question of reconstituting the Executive Council of

(Continued In Col. 5)

FEVER RESEARCH FINDINGS

Doctors studying the effects of fever on the system have made some interesting observations. The symptoms of fever, a rising temperature, a splitting headache and a cold and shivery feeling, changing to a stifling oppression, are caused, they say, by poisons which attack nerve and muscle tissues. These poisons are responsible for the exhausted condition to which the sufferer is reduced.

One of the problems is how to rebuild these wasted tissues, the stomach being too weak to digest ordinary food. Tests have shown that a diet of Horlicks provides maximum nourishment, without imposing strain on the digestive organs. Horlicks rebuilds tissue quickly and shortens convalescence.

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She's tall and imperious with a lithe swinging walk. Her clothes are as simple as only the most expensive clothes can be. Yet there's something more which goes to make up her aura of subtle magnetism. Intangible, insistent, her perfume sets the note of her fascination. Coty *L'Aimant* is her fastidious choice.

But Coty have created other perfumes, all true perfumes made from flowers grown on Coty's own vast plantations. You will find one perfectly attuned to your personality and special type of beauty.

Ask to see the full Coty range —unhurriedly pick the perfume which is just right for you.

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C-41

Inspector Wade
THE COAT OF ARMS
By Edgar Wallace
I'LL TAKE CHARGE OF THIS
WHERE DID THAT SHOT COME FROM?
YOU FORGOT DONAVAN, LOCKE, THERE WERE GUNS IN THE PLANE
BUT THE PLANE IS UNDER WATER, THOSE GUNS----
A WELL-OILED AUTOMATIC CAN WORK EVEN WHEN WET, ANYWAY, THIS ONE DID!
YOU'RE UNDER ARREST FOR THE MURDER OF THE DOORMAN AND THE ATTEMPTED MURDER OF MISS BELDON
AND HOW DO YOU EXPECT TO GET ME TO JAIL? WE CAN'T SWIM THAT FAR
9-9
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